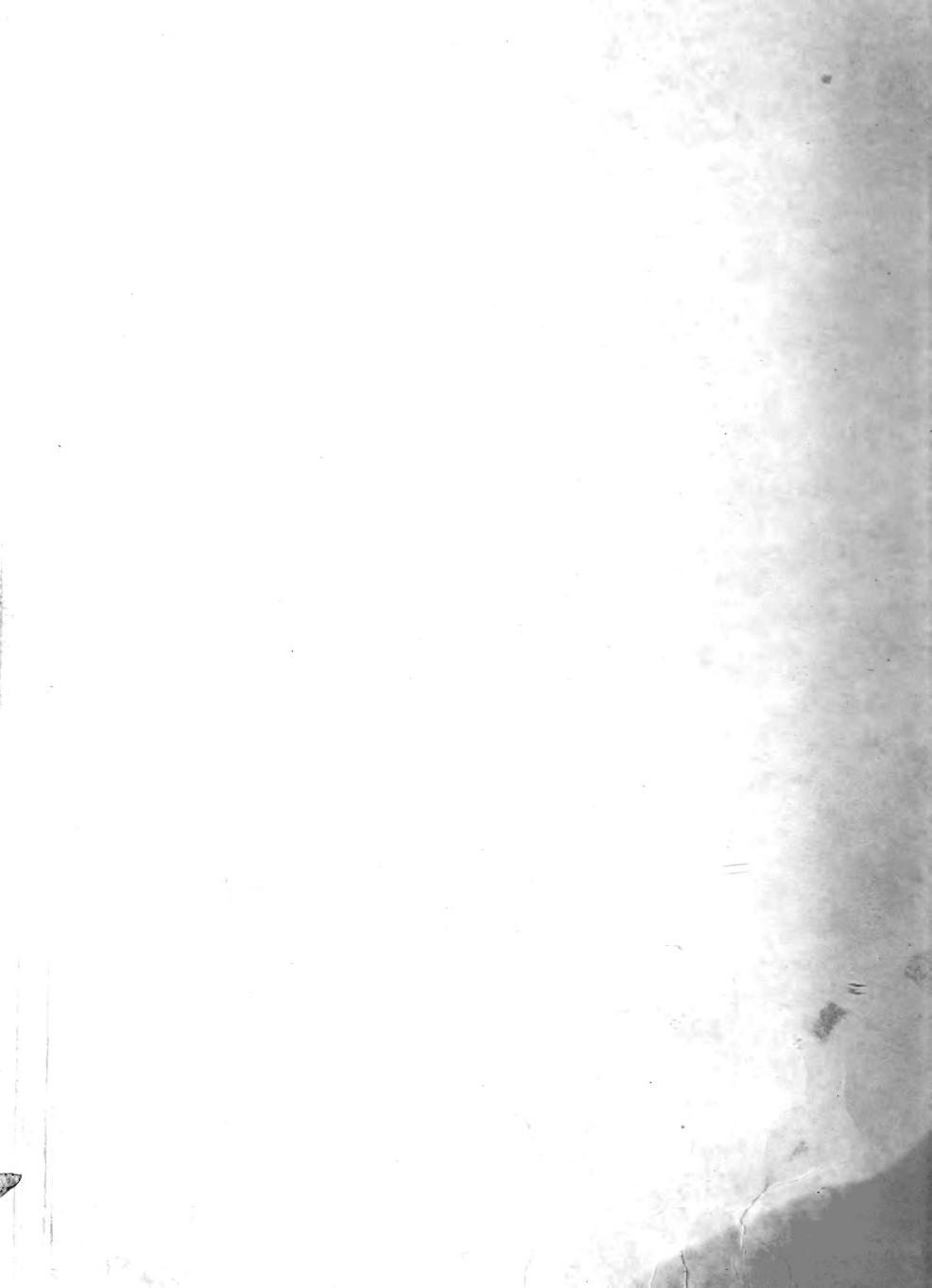
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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



WOOD'S CROP SPECIAL

Giving Timely Information and Prices of Seasonable Seeds

PUBLISHED BYOT.W.WOOD & SONS SEEDSMEN RICHMOND VA.



WOOD'S CRIMSON CLOVER SEED

The Best Winter Legume for Hay, Pasture and Soil Improvement

Probably the only reason Crimson Clover has not become the most popular fall planted crop in the South is that many farmers have not learned to properly inoculate it before planting. When inoculated and planted on fairly good soil it makes a luxuous winter and spring growth, furnishing abundant grazing from December to May, when green feed is so essential. There is no crop more highly relished by all livestock. Animals eat it so greedily that it may cause bloating if hungry animals are turned on it while wet. This can be easily avoided by keeping them off until the clover dries out, or by planting other crops with it.

It is more winter hardy, disease resistant, a surer crop and does not require as much lime as Alfalfa, Red and Alsike Clover. It gives a larger cutting of hay earlier in the spring. It prevents loss of the soil fertility made available by freezing and thawing during the winter. Its root nodules add large quantities of nitrogen to the soil.

Inoculate Crimson with NITRAGIN and sow 25 pounds per acre on a firm seed bed in August or September. The earlier seeded, the better.

WOOD'S TENNESSEE GROWN CRIMSON CLOVER

We have been able to secure only a limited quantity of Tennessee seed acceptable to our high standard of quality. We have repeatedly recleaned it in our plant to a purity of 99½%. This lot is far superior to seed being offered by many dealers with a purity of 97% and containing brown shrivelled seed, cheat and other noxious weeds that may cause trouble and a poor stand.

WOOD'S IMPORTED CRIMSON CLOVER

Our imported seed is the finest quality Crimson Clover obtainable. Large, plump, with a bright color and extremely high purity and strong germination. Repeated tests have shown no difference between the crops grown from Imported and Tennessee seed. Since the price is lower we suggest that you plant Wood's Imported Crimson Clover.

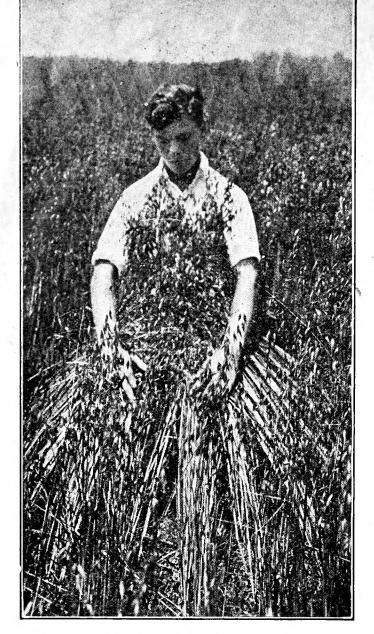
Due to political difficulties in Europe, less than a third of our usual requirements can be imported into America this year. Farmers waiting until late to buy Crimson Clover will likely be disappointed.

Increase Your Profit by Planting Wood's Certified Seed Grains

Not only vill it produce 15 to 35% aigher yields than uncertified seed, but crops grown from CERTIFIED seed always sell at a substantially higher price per bushel. WOOD'S CERTIFIED SEED GRAINS are grown by us from the highest producing strains obtainable. They are field and bin inspected by the State Crop Improvement Association to insure trueness to type, purity, freedom from noxious weeds and disease, and germination over 90%.

Farmers who plant **WOOD'S CERTIFIED SEED** repeatedly tell us their crops net them considerably more than their neighbors, who plant uncertified seed. The additional cost of **CERTIFIED** seed is insignificant compared to the extra profit.





Heavy prolific heads of WOOD'S FULGRAIN OATS. In the South Carolina test Fulgrain made 94 bus. per acre to 51 for Fulghum.

WOOD'S TREATED SEED OATS

99% Pure. 90 to 100% Germination

Wood's Seed Oats are heavily recleaned, have large heavy kernels, and are treated against diseases that attack young seedlings. They will make vigorous, healthy plants that withstand winter freezes and make stronger stalks, larger heads, and greater yields of plump grain that is free of disease.

Fall sown oats make much larger yields of both grain and hay than spring sown oats, prevent erosion and loss of soil nutrients that become available by winter freezing and thawing, furnish valuable winter grazing when animals most need green feed, and make a better nurse crop for grass and clover seedlings. Yet, many farmers lose their fall sown oats by winter killing by not planting Wood's Treated Cold Resistant Seed Oats.

Sow Oats in September, three bushels per acre for grain or five bushels for hay on a well prepared seed bed, firm beneath with 2 to 3 inches of mellow surface soil. Apply 400 lbs. WOOD'S STANDARD WHEAT FERTILIZER per acre.

CERTIFIED WOOD'S IMPROVED LEE No. 5

Heaviest Yielding Oat for Piedmont or Mountain Sections. Early Maturing. Highest Test Weight Per Bushel, Tallest, Most Winter Resistant, and Best Oat for Hay or Winter Pasture Anywhere in the South.

For 15 years Lee has been the leading oat for grain or hay in North Carolina and Virginia. Our Strain No. 5 is an improved selection from Lec. It has constantly outyielded Lee, and all other oats for five years in the Statesville, N. C., Experiment Station tests, being more winter resistant, having heavier grain, longer heads, taller stalks, and producing more hay.

"Although planted very late, your Improved Lee No. 5 grew unusually well and made a tremendous yield. Several neighbors commented on its extreme winter resistance. The heads were longer and the straw taller than other Lee Oats. There was no sign of smut or other diseases. I will double my acreage in them this fall."—Ellerslie Farm, King George County, Va.

"Wood's Improved Lee No. 5 are the heaviest oats I ever raised."—E. Lynn Garrett, Caroline County, Va.

As stocks are extremely limited, and it should command a premium next year, we suggest placing your order for immediate shipment.

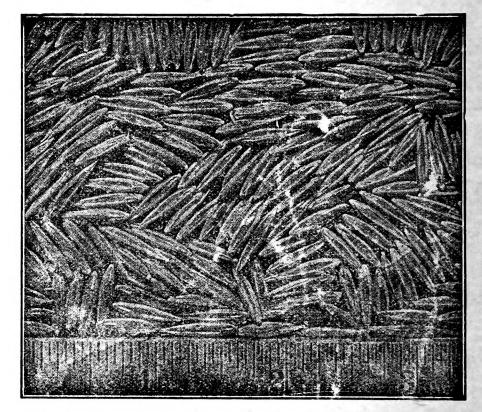
Certified Fulgrain Cold and Smut Resistant Heaviest Yielding Oat for Southern Coastal Section

More disease resistant, much larger, heavier grain, and earlier maturing than Fulghums. We predict it will shortly replace all other oats in the coastal section. Matures before hot weather and rust damage. Although not as cold resistant as Lee, it was not affected by a cold winter that damaged Fulghums. Stools well. Vigorous winter growth. Superior for winter pasturing. Tough straw. Large ,well balanced heads. Beautiful, long, heavy grains with a rich reddish yellow color, thin hull, high per cent of meat and heavy test weight per bushel. State inspectors found no smut, rust or other disease or varietal mixture in our fields.

CERTIFIED LEE COLD PROOF OATS

Our Pure Certified Stock Is Far Superior to Ordinary Lee Oats Which Have Become Mixed and "run out."

Many customers who planted it last fall report yields of over 100 bushels per acre, including C. S. Hooper, of Spotsylvania County, Va., and T. H. Blanton, of Caroline County, Va. It is considerably taller, more winter resistant, stools out and grows more vigorously in cold weather than Fulghum or Fulgrain. Next to our Improved Lee No. 5 it is the best oat for hay or pasture anywhere in the South and best for grain in the Piedmont or Mountain section.



Large plump meaty kernels of WOOD'S IMPROVED LEE No. 5, weigh over 40 lbs. per struck bushel. In the 1938 N. C. test it yielded 26% more than Lee or any other oat.

USE WOOD'S "STANDARD" FERTILIZERS FOR PROFITABLE CROPS

Prices F. O. B. Richmond 25 lbs.	50 lbs.	100 lbs.	200 lbs.	Ton.
WOOD'S STANDARD WHEAT—2-12-4\$.40	\$.75	\$1.35	\$2.50	\$24.00
WOOD'S SUPER STANDARD—4-16-450	. 90	1.65	3.10	30.00
WOOD'S STANDARD—4-12-4	.80	1.50	2.90	28.00
WOOD'S STANDARD BONE MEAL—3-22 .75	1.15	2.00		38.00
NITRATE OF SODA	1.10	1.95		37.00
16% ACID PHOSPHATE			1.70	16.50
VIGORO, Swift's Plant Food, 10 lbs. 85c 1.50	2.50	4.00		<i>L</i>
V. C. FAIRWAY—6-6-4, 100% Soluble65	1.20	2.25		44.00
HYDRATED LIME—10 lbs. 20c	.co	1.00		17.00
WOOD'S HIGH-GRADE SHEEP MANURE .60	1.10	2.00		40.00
HYPER-HUMUS—Peat Humus	.83	1.50	2.75	25.00
PEAT MOSS, G. R. M. Brand (for mulching) ha	le \$3.25			

For generations farmers have found Wood's "Standard" Fertilizers give the highest return for dollar invested. They are rich in organic matter, giving a lasting effect, leaving plenty of plant food to produce a vigorous growth and early maturity in the spring. Many fertilizers of equal analysis quickly leach out, letting the plants winter-kill and leaving no food for spring growth. One ton of Wood's "Super Gundard" is equivalent in plant food to two tons of ordinary fertilizer, and saves in freight and handling costs. It is an ideal balanced food for grain, hay or pasture crops.

WOOD'S SUPER-ABRUZZI RYE

Far Outyelds Ordinary Abruzzi Rye

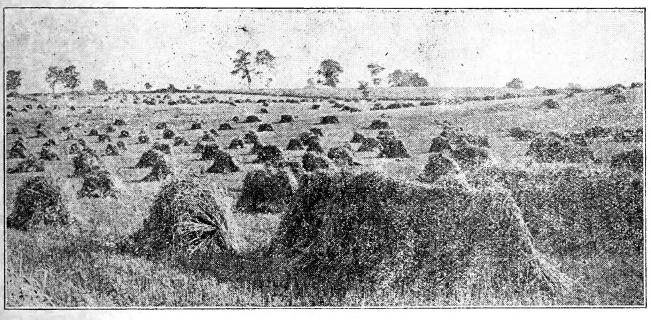
An improved strain we are offering this year for the first time, that produced larger yields of grain and ½ to ¾ more fall and winter growth than ordinary Abruzzi. It matures two weeks earlier, is more winter hardy. As we have only a small amount to offer this fall and its seed should bring a big price next year, we suggest placing your order immediately.

Wood's Certified Abruzzi Rye

Although not as heavy yielding as our Super-Abruzzi, produces considerably more winter growth, pasturage and grain than ordinary Abruzzi Rye, which has become badly mixed and run out. The blade is broader, the growth taller and more vigorous. In the South Carolina Experiment Station tests it has consistently outyielded Abruzzi from any of the South Carolina breeders.

ABRUZZI RYE is attacked by fewer insects and diseases and does better on light acid land than any other grain. It is hardier than wheat, can be sown two weeks later, uses less nitrogen, the straw is more valuable for feed, makes a larger, earlier, more upright growth and better grazing.

SOW $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels per acre for grain, 2 bushels for pasture, covering the seed $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 inches. Can be sown from August to November, but early seeding is best for pasture.



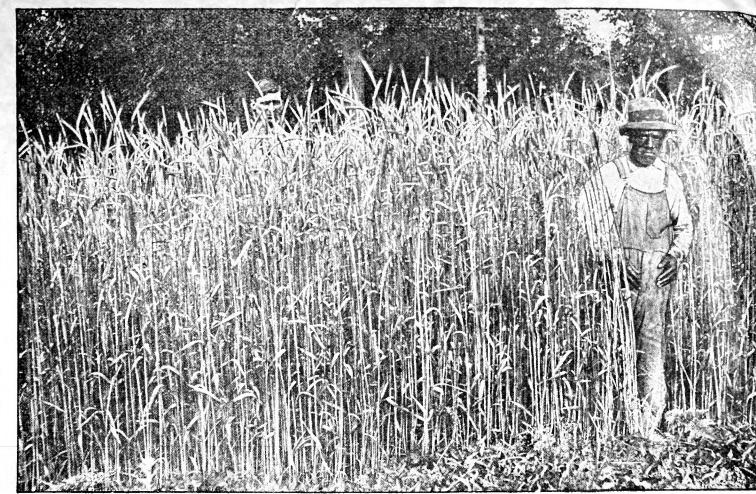
"WOOD'S NOBARB BARLEY yielded 52 bushels of beautiful bright grain per aere—2½ times as much as local wheat yielded. It is a wonderful winter grain crop for this section."—Senator H. T. Wickham, Hanover Co., Va.

Wood's Certified Beardless Barley

Beardless Barley usually contains 25% to 50% bearded heads, is badly infested with disease and noxious weeds and is worthless for seed. WOOD'S CERTIFIED BEARLESS BARLEY is grown from our pure, disease-free, head-selected, heavy-yielding strain, and is carefully field rogued. It is field and bin inspected by the State Crop Improvement Association—assuring its freedom from bearded heads, disease and noxious weeds. It yields 45 to 65 bushels per acre, twice as much as wheat. It can be harvested two weeks before wheat, oats or rye, in time to plant summer crops. It is more winter hardy than ordinary Beardless Barley or Oats and furnishes more hay and pasturage. Vigorous fall and winter growth. Excellent stooler. The most nutritious and palatable grain for feed—with the highest protein content. Its straw is as valuable for feed as hay.

Wood's Pedigree Bearded Winter Barley

Yields twice as much as wheat. Earlier maturing and more winter hardy than oats. An excellent winter grazing, cover and grain crop. Although not as heavy yielding as Wood's Nobarb Barley, it out-yielded all bearded and beardless barleys in the South Carolina tests for several years, including the best strains from Tennessee, Georgia and South Carolina.



"WOOD'S SUPER-ABRUZZI RYE produced 38 bushels of grain per acre, the highest yield I ever heard Abruzzi Rye make. Although planted late, it started growing immediately—stooled out unusually well—and made more fall and winter growth than any other grain erop I ever saw. It never stopped growing from the time it came up until it ripened. Its strong stalks—over 6 feet tall—stood up well under its large, heavy heads."—Ephriam Anderson, Amelia Co., Va.

WOOD'S NOBARB BARLEY

A smooth awn bearded barley that outyields both Beardless and Bearded Winter Barley. A cross between Velvet and Bearded Winter, developed in the Southeast under severe winter conditions.

South Carolina Experiment Station: "Bearded varieties of barley outyielded all other varieties. In the Corn Belt, Velvet, a barbless bearded variety, has replaced bearded barley with barbs. We may grow smooth bearded varieties in the Southeast that outyield our bearless varieties."

Maryland Experiment Station: "The awns of Nobarb are free of the sharp barbs which make Bearded Winter Barley so disagreeable to men and animals. Its awn are fragile and completely removed in thrashing and less objectionable to harvest than bearded wheat. For 4 years Nobarb has outyielded Beardless and Bearded Winter Barley in yield of grain, winter pasture and hay—straw is taller and stiffer—and earlier maturing."

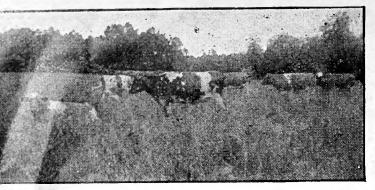
JAPANESE BUCKWHEAT

Most prolific and largest grained buck-wheat. A good summer poor land crop. A good summer soil improving crop for orchards or to smother weeds before seeding grass. Its flour makes delicious cakes. Bees give more honey when fed on its blooms. Requires little preparation. Sow 50 lbs. per acre broadcast or with grain drill 2 months before frost.

Below: JAPANESE BUCKWHEAT, the best late summer catch crop, planted in August will mature a large grain crop before frost. No grain crop can be grown easier or in so short a time.



WOOD'S SEED BARLEY IS TREATED WITH CERESAN. Federal and State authorities warn that untreated barley seed is weakened by seedling blight, scab, stripe, and other diseases, easily winter-kills, and results in a poor crop or complete failure. Smut alone usually destroys ¼ to ½ of the crop. The only sure seed treatment is Ceresan. Other treatments weaken the seed and do not give complete protection from disease. Do not plant barley unless treated with Ceresan. SOW BARLEY 2 bushels per acre for grain; 3 bushels for hay or grazing, preferably in September. Graze off excess fall growth.



WOOD'S GRAIN PASTURE MIXTURE furnishes an abundance of nutritious grazing for all livestock and poultry during winter months when green feed is most needed.

T. W. Wood & Sons, Seedsmen, Richmond, Va. LONG DISTANCE PHONE: 3-2138

T. W. Wood & Sons give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, including kind, variety, name, quality, productiveness, or an other matter of seeds, bulbs or plants they send out, and they will no be responsible in any way for the crop.

POSTPAID PRICES cover all charges delivered to Va., N. C., W. Va., Md., Penn., N. J., and Del. Postage to S. C., Ga., Ky., Tenn., Ohio., Ind., N. Y., Mich., and New England, add 2c. lb. to postpaid prices. To other States express or freight cheaper. Unless specified Postpaid, prices are F. O. B. RICHMOND, VA.

No Charge For Bags Crop Special 525 August 12, 1939

STPAID

1.85

1.65

1.15

2.85

3.15

2.55

2.85

2.95

3.15

 $\frac{3.35}{3.65}$

2.65

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.39

.67

 $.05\frac{1}{2}$

 $.08\frac{1}{2}$

.07 1/2

.03

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. 55

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.27

.52

. 38

 $.05 \frac{1}{4}$

.08

 $.07 \frac{1}{4}$

.02 1/2

.27

1 lb. to 200 sq. ft.

10 lbs. 5 lbs.

\$1.75 \$.95

1.00

.90

.65

1.50

1.65

1.35

1.50

1.55

 $1.65 \\ 1.75$

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2.25

.75

.80

f for onths				
F. O. B. Richmo Prices per lb.			5 to 24 Lbs.	POS 25 lbs.
CRIMSON CLOVER				
Imported. Sow 25 lbs. acre\$ Tennessee Grown. Sow 25 lbs. acre		$\begin{array}{c} \$.12\frac{1}{2} \\ 13\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	\$.14 .15	\$3.80 4.05
HAIRY VETCH 25 lbs. acre	.10½	.11	.13	3 40
AUSTRIAN WINTER PEA	S			
30 lbs. acre	.06	$.06\frac{1}{2}$.08	2.15
RED CLOVER 15 lbs. acre.				
American grown, U.S. Ver. Orig.	.22	. 23	.25	6.40
Va. Northern Neck, U.S. Ver. Orig.	.25	. 26	.2.	6.90
Northern French	.19	. 20	.22	5.65
SAPLING CLOVER, U.S. Ver. Orig.	$.22\frac{1}{2}$.23	.25	6.40
ALFALFA. Plant 25 lbs. per acre.				
Oklahoma, U.S. Ver. Orig	.23	.24	.26	6.65
Oklahoma-Kansas, U.S. Ver. Orig.	.24	.26	.28	7.15
Kansas grown, U.S. Ver. Orig	.27	.28	.30	7.65
Grimm Alfalfa, U.S. Ver. Orig	. 30	. 31	. 33	8.40
ALSIKE CLOVER. Plant 8 lbs. acre.	.20	.21	.23	5.90
WHITE DUTCH CLOVER, lb. 50c.	.45	.46	.48	12.15
WOOD'S DIXIE WHITE CLOVER	.50	.52	.55	13.65
BUR CLOVER, Hulled, 15 lbs. acre	.17	.18	. 20	5.15
WHITE SWEET CLOVER, Scarified	.08	.09	11	2.75
the state of the s				
BLACK MEDIC CLOVER, 15 lbs. ac.	.20	.21	.23	5.90
Wood's Quail Planting Mixture	. 07	.08	.10	2.65
Wood's Special Grass and C	lover	Mixtu	es	
Permanent Pasture Mixtures, 1 to 4	.17	.18	.20	5.15
Permanent Hay Mixtures—6 to 9	.16	.17	.19	4.90
Economy Hay & Pasture Mixture 10	.12	.13	.15	3.80
Southern Permanent Pasture	•	,		
and Hay Mixture No. 12	.17	.18	.20	5.15
ITALIAN RYE GRASS—Domestic	.07 1/4	.08	.10	2.65
Perennial Rye Grass	.13	.14	.16	4.15
Timothy. Sow 35 lbs. acre	.07	.08	.10	2.65
Poa Trivialis. Sow 35 lbs. acre	.42	. 43	. 45	11.40
Orchard Grass, Fancy, onion free	.18	$.18\frac{1}{2}$.20	5.25
Orchard Grass, Virginia Grown	.15	.16	.18	4.65
Kentucky Blue Grass, 35 lbs. acre	.20	.21	. 23	5.90
Kentucky Blue Grass, Super Grade.	.23	.24	.26	6.65
Red Top or Herds Grass, 15 lbs. acre	.14	.15	.17	4.40
Red Top or Herds, Super Grade	.17	.18	.20	5.15
Tall Meadow Oat Grass, 30 lbs. acre.	. 16	.17	.19	4.90
Carpet Grass, Domestic, 15 lbs. acre	.25	.26	.28	7.15

Paspalum, Imported, lb. 35c.

Bermuda Grass, Extra Fancy, 15 lbs.

Chewing's Fescue, sow 30 lbs. acre.

Creeping Red Fescue, 130 lbs. acre..

Meadow Fescue, sow 30 lbs. acre...

Sheep Fescue, sow 30 lbs. acre.....

Astoria or Colonial Bent-Certified.

SUDAN GRASS, sow 25 lbs. acre...

SUNFLOWER, Mammoth Russian...

RAPE—DWARF ESSEX, 6 lbs. acre

BUCKWHEAT—JAPANESE, 50 lbs.

Wood's Evergreen, lb. 40c.....

Wood's Super-Green, lb. 50c.....

Wood's Dixie, lb. 35c.....

Wood's Emerald Park, lb. 30c.....

Wood's WinterGreen, lb. 20c.....

Wood's Shady Park, lb. 45c.....

LAWN GRASSES

Bermuda Grass—Hulled

Wood's Grain Pasture Mixture

Furnishes more grazing in less time and at less cost than any other fall crop. The grains are balanced with legumes to provide proteins for growth and warmth during cold weather. Includes every ingredient for continuous grazing throughout fall, winter and spring recommended by Hugh McCrae, one of the highest authorities in the South.

Contains the ideal proportions of Hairy Vetch, Austrian Winter Peas, Bur Black Medic and Crimson Clover, Rape Abruzzi Rye, Winter Barley, Lee Cold Proof Oats and Beardless Wheat. Drill 100 lbs. per acre. Price, per 100 lb.-bag, \$3.00; 5-bag lots, \$2.90.

Wood's Grain Hay Mixture

Contains Lee Oats, the tallest and best of all oats for hay; Smooth Wheat, Certified Beardless Barley, Hairy Vetch, Austrian Winter Peas and Crimson Clover. The best winter grain hay mixture possible to make. Drill 100 lbs. per acre. Price: per 100-lb. bag, \$3.00; 5-bag lots, \$2.90.

NITRAGIN

INOCULATION FOR ALL LEGUMES

CUT DOWN YOUR FERTILIEER BILLS.
GET YOUR NITROGEN FROM THE AIR.
State for What Crop Inoculation is Wanted.

Alfalfa and All Clovers. Price: 1-bushel size, 30c.; 1-bushel size, 50c.; 2½-bushel size, \$1.00.

Vetch, Canada, Garden and Austrian Winter Peas. Price: ½-bushel size, 25c.; 1-bushel size, 40c.; 5-bushel size, \$1.70; 100-lb. size, 65c.; 12½-bushel size, \$4.00.

GARDEN SIZE—For Garden Feas and Beans, Sweet Peas and Lima Beans. 10c. es.

SOV REANS

5-bus lots, Per bu.,

SUI DEANS per bu.	60 lbs.
Wood's Yellow\$1.45	\$1.50
Easy Cook (Edible) 2.65	2.75
Rokuson Edible 6.90	7.00
Mammoth Yellow 1.35	1.40
ONION SETS Per Peck	τ, Bu.,
Inmediate Shipment 8 lbs.	32 lbs.
White Multiplier\$.85	\$2.75
Yellow Potato—Small95	3.00
Yellow Potato—Medium85	2.75
Shipment After Aug. 20.	
White Pearl	2.25
Crystal Wax	2.25
Silver Skin	2.25
Shipment After Sept. 1	
Yellow Danvers	2.00
Red Wethersfield	2.00
Japanese or Ebenezer70	2.00



Ceresan Treatment for Oats

Heavy smut infection retards the growth of oats, as shown above by the row on the left, while that on the right shows the normal development of the plants from Ceresan treated seed.

WOOD'S LEE COLD PROOF OATS

Constantly outyields all Southeastern oat varieties in State Experiment Station tests. Wood's Improved Lee No. 5 yielder 26% more than ordinary Lee Cold Proof in 1938 North Carolina test.

Sow 3 bu. per acre for grain; 5 bu. for	hav.	
OATS 3-bus. bags. Bus. 32 lbs. 36 PRICES INCLUDE TREATING P)-bů. lot	s,
OATS PRICES INCLUDE TREATING P	er bus.	Per bus.
LEE COLD PROOF—Select	\$.77	\$.80
Pedigree	.82	.85
Certified	.87	. 90
WOOD'S IMPROVED LEE No. 5—Pedigree	1.00	1.05
Certified. Highest yielding oat for grain		
hay or winter pasture. Tallest, most		
winter resistant, heaviest grain	1.05	1.10
FULGRAIN—Select	.77	.80
Pedigree	.82	.85
Certified. Best grain oat for Southern		
Coastal Section. Earlier, hardier and		
more disease resistant than Fulghum	. 87	. 90
FULGHUM—Select	.77	.80
Pedigree	.82	. 85
WINTER TURF—Pedigree	. 85	.88
DVE 2-Bus. Bags. Bus. 56 lbs.		
RYE Sow 1½ to 2 bus. per acre.		
WINTER RYE	. 92	. 95
WOOD'S ABRUZZI RYE—Select	1.25	1.30
Pedigree	1.35	1.40
Certified	1.45	1.50
BALBO RYE. Developed by Tennessee Ex-		
periment Station	1.80	1.85
WOOD'S SUPER-ABRUZZI RYE. A new improved strain that yields about twice		
as much as ordinary Abruzzi. It is two		
weeks earlier, more winter resistant,		
straw is a foot taller, stands up better,		
and furnishes ½ more grazing	1.95	2.00

WOOD'S ABRUZZI RYE

Made the highest yield on record—67.2 bushels per acre—in 1939 in a leading Southern Experiment Station test.—40% more than other leading strains.

The United States Department of Agriculture tests showed that 45% of the Abruzzi Rye shipped into the South in 1938 was misbranded unadapted Northern Rye, practically worthless in the South. As Northern Rye now costs less than half of genuine Abruzzi, even more may be shipped into the South this fall. These tests report that all lots of WOOD'S ABRUZZI RYE were genuine and far superior for winter pasture, grain and straw.

WOOD'S TREATED SEED GRAINS

Tripled Cleaned. 99% Pure. Over 90% Germination oats, wheat and barley, treated with ceresan increased

THE YIELD 20%, made a more uniform, vigorous growth, taller straw, larger heads, and eliminated practically all the smuts and other diseases in actual field tests on our Experimental farm. Ceresan is usually more effective than Copper Carbonate, does not reduce the germination like formaldehyde, and actually increases germination. All orders for Seed Oats, Wheat and Barley will be treated with Ceresan without costs, unless order specifies "NOT TREATED"

CERTIFIED, PEDIGREE AND SELECT STRAINS

We offer three strains of Seed Grains, all grown from highest yielding crops. The Certified Strain passed field and bin inspection of the Virginia Crop Improvment Association and carries the official tags. Our Pedigree Strain is grown from certified seed. We recommend both for seed and grain production. Select Strains may contain a slight mixture of bearded heads, but yield well

In Ordering Specify Strain Desired. Otherwise Pedigree Will Be Shipped.

Treated Free 2-Bus. Bags. Broken Bags 5c. Bus Higher

WHEAT Sow 1½ to 2 bus. per acre.	20 bus.	
BEARDLESS VARIETIES	lots.	60 lbs.
WOOD'S FORWARD WHEAT—Select	\$1.20	\$1.25
Pedigree	. 1.30	1.35
Certified. Recommended for Piedmont and Mountain	1	1.00
Sections. Rust and loose smut resistant	. 1.40	1.45
WOOD'S REDHART No. 3—Select	. 1.25	1.30
Pedigree	. 1.35	1.40
Certified. Heaviest yielding and earliest maturing whea		1.10
in tests from Virginia to Georgia. Loose smut resistant		
Rust escaping Wood's Certified Redhart No. 3 made the		
highest yield—48 bus. per acre. In 1938 and again in		
1939, outyielded all other strains in a leading Southern	. .	
Experiment Station test	1 45	1 50
Experiment Station test	. 1.45	1.50
LEAP'S PROLIFIC WHEAT—Select		1.25
Pedigree Honorood Hood Salasted Strain	. 1.30	1.35
Certified. New Improved Head, Selected Strain		1.45
LEAPLAND WHEAT—Select		1.35
Pedigree		1.45
Certified. A new development from Leap's		
Prolific, with larger head and grain and		4
heavier yield	1.50	1.55
State Ex-		1.25
5 violded Feuigree	1.30	1.35
		1.40
Pedigree	1.45	1.50
DIXIE PURPLE STRAW WHEAT—Select		1.40
ots, Pedigree		1.50
Per bus. Certined. 10 days earlier than Leap's		
\$.80 Rust escaping	1.55	1.60
.85 BEARDED VARIETIES:		
.90 FULCASTER and STONER—Select	1.20	1.25
1.05 Pedigree	1.30	1.35
V. P. I. No. 131 WHEAT—Select	1.20	1.25
Pedigree	1.30	1.35
1.10 Certified. Heaviest yielding bearded wheat	;	
Rugt registant	1.40	1.45
.80 .85 DADIEN 2-Bus. bags. Bus. 48 lbs.		
BARLEY 2-Bus. bags. Bus. 48 lbs. Sow 2 to 3 bus. per acre.		
Prices include Seed Treatment.		
	\$1.10	\$1.15
Dalla a Guaran from Contifod and		1.30
Cont. Co. 3		1.40
Field immedian by the State Ingrestor		1.40
showed practically no bearded heads, dis-		
eease or noxious weeds. Yielded 62 bus.		
per acre in 1939 in a leading Southern		
	•	
.95 Experiment Station test. 1.30 BEARDED WINTER BARLEY—Select	.95	1.00
		1.00
2020		1.10
W1100001 22-101-1-5		
WOOD'S NOBARB BARLEY	1.25	1.30
1.85 WOOD'S NODADD DA	DIEV	

WOOD'S NOBARB BARLEY

Heaviest yielding winter hardy barley and best for winter pasture or hay. Its awns are free of the sticky barbs which make Bearded Barley objectionable. For four years it averaged 12% more grain and 26.4% more straw than Bearded Winter Barley, was 4 inches taller, more erect, broader leaves, more fall and winter growth and matured earlier. In one test it yielded 53.1 bushels per acre to 39.7 for Bearded Barley.

CERESAN For Oats, Barley and Wheat—Effective in controlling covered smut and stripe of barley, oat smuts and stinking smut of wheat. It improves the stand and yield of grains 20%. A pound treats 32 bushels at a cost of 2c. a bushel. By mail postpaid, lb. 85c.; 5-lb. pkg., \$3.35. Not postpaid, lb. 70c.; 5-lb. bag, \$3.00; 25-lb. pkg. \$12.75.

Copper Carbonate For Treating Wheat. Use 2 to 3 ounces per bushel. By mail postpaid, 1-lb. carton, 40c.; 5-lb. carton, \$1.35; 25-lb. pkg., \$4.90. Not postpaid, 1-lb. carton, 25c.; 5-lb. carton, \$1.00; 25-lb. pkg., \$4.25.



Sheriff O. B. Darnell, Scott Co., Va., standing in his 100-acre field of WOOD'S VIRGINIA NORTHERN NECK RED CLOVER. Note the perfect stand, freedom from disease, and tall, vigorous growth that has crowded out all weeds.

Wood's Virginia Northern Neck Red Clover

For several centuries farmers on a very fertile issolated peninsula in Virginia called the "Northern Neck" were forced to save their own Red Clover seed year after year. This seed has become resistant to anthracnose or wilt, which destroys clover brought into the southeast from other sections. Repeated tests by the Federal and State Departments of Agriculture and innumerable farmers have proved that Virginia Northern Neck Red Clover will consistently give bumper hay crops where seed from other sources have failed. Every farmer who plants it says it is worth twice the price of other red clover seed. We have never had enough of this strain to supply the demand. Sow 12 to 15 lbs. per acre in August or September.

Hugh MacRae's Winter Pasture Chart

CROPS	TIME OF GRAZING Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apl. May
Cold Proof Oats	
Crimson Clover	
Bur Clover	
Abruzzi Rye	
Barley	
Rye Grass	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Vetch & Austrian Peas	
Black Medic	•

Wood's Hairy Vetch & Austrian Winter Peas

Ideal Winter Soil Improving, Pasture and Hay Crops
Hugh MacRae says: "Vetch mixed with Austrian Peas is
ideal for winter and spring pasture, extending the grazing
period into June when summer pasture crops are ready."

Farmers throughout the south are fast awakening to their great value as winter cover crops, as they prevent soil erosion and double the yield of succeeding crops. The U. S. Government Soil Conservation program recognizes their absolute necessity to Southern Agriculture.

About 50 million pounds are now sown in the South each fall, increasing about 8 million pounds per year. Southern farmers who depend entirely on commercial fertilizers can not possibly compete with those who cut down their fertilizer bills by planting Hairy Vetch and Austrian Winter Peas each fall.

When inoculated with NITRAGIN they add the equivalent of about 700 pounds of Nitrate of Soda per acre—and the humous makes soils easier to plow, helps following crops withstand droughts or wet spells, and grow off faster, saving cultivation expense. They can be disked or drilled on top of Lespedeza without destroying its growth next summer. They thrive on nearly all soils including acid types. Uncultivated land needs preparation but cultivated land does not. Sow from August to November, Hairy Vetch 20 to 25 lbs. per acre, Austrian Peas 30 to 35 lbs. Cover 1 to 3 inches. Apply 300 lbs. per acre of fertilizer high in Phosphorus and Potash, such as Wood's Standard Wheat Fertilizer.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture warns farmers that 1½ million pounds of cheap two-year-old imported Vetch seed of very low germination is being offered in the South this fall. Wood's Hairy Vetch is the finest quality Domestic seed—germinating over 90%—and worth double the price of this cheap seed.

"GREEN FIELDS IN WINTER"

Mr. Hugh MacRae, of Wilmington, N. C., nationally recognized authority on Southern Agriculture, says: "The South will come into its own when its fields are green in winter. The only profit expected from cattle comes during the grazing period, when cows do most of the work by harvesting the crops. Mild winters, allowing year round pastures, gives the South a marked advantage over other parts of the country where grazing is limited to six months. The South can be made the best dairying part of the country by planting annual crops in the fall and spring to furnish year round pastures. Winter legumes also build up the soil and stop erosion. Crops turned back to the soil are as profitable as cash crops sold to markets. The greatest gain to the South, and beyond estimate, will come by using the six months of fall, winter and spring which Southern farmers throw away."

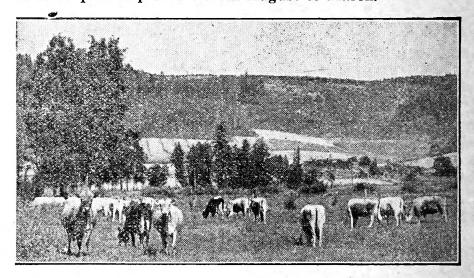
For 25 years Mr. MacRae has searched throughout the world for the best winter crops for his farm. He recommends for winter pasture: "Cold Proof Oats, Abruzzi Rye, Beardless Barley (which also produces a good grain crop cheaper to produce than corn and of higher feeding value), Crimson Clover, Vetch, Austrian Winter Peas, Rape, Black Medic and Bur Clover." All these are included in Wood's Grain Pasture Mixture (see price page).

BUR CLOVER

Mr. Hugh MacRae says: "Bur Clover is one of the most valuable and economical crops that can be raised in the South. It gives everything and asks nothing. In the winter of 1936 five acres gave 2,000 cow-grazing days, and improved the soil by adding nitrogen and humus. We are necessarily enthusiastic about Bur Clover. With mixtures of other crops it is a splendid foundation for profitable animal husbandry. California Bur Clover is eaten with more relish by cows than other strains, is earlier and prolongs the grazing season."

Wood's Bur Clover is hulled seed of the California strain, which costs less per acre to sow, is easier to get a stand, grows off faster and earlier, and withstands dry weather better. It is adapted to nearly all soils in the South—clays and loams in particular. It does not smother out other pasture grasses or become smothered out itself. It is included in all Wood's Permanent Pasture Mixtures.

It reseeds abundantly in May, even with close grazing. One seed crop will furnish seed for 3 to 5 years with the land continuing in cultivation of summer crops. It is extremely winter hardy. Inoculate with NITRAGIN and sow 12 to 15 pounds per acre from August to March.

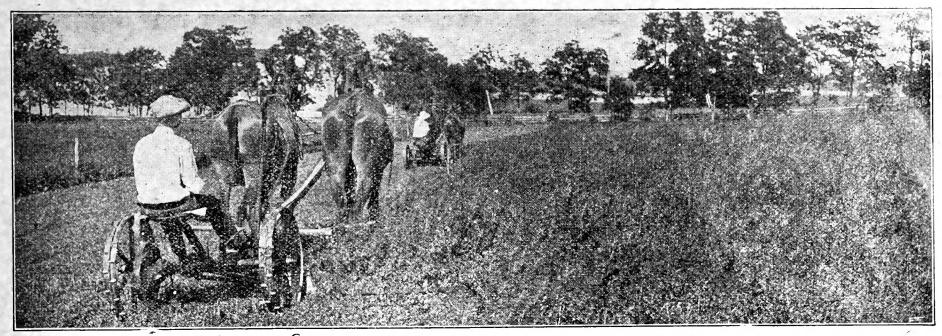


Hugh MacRae says: "BLACK MEDIC should be used in every mixture of annuals for spring grazing. It spreads rapidly and matures later than Crimson or Bur Clovers, prolonging the grazing. It reseeds abundantly in late spring, leaving the fields open for summer crops."

BLACK MEDIC CLOVER

Has few equals for late winter or spring grazing and makes an excellent hay. Relished by all livestock. Sow on every Lespedeza field and permanent pasture to furnish grazing during the winter and early spring. It reseeds itself in spite of close grazing, and comes up again the next winter. It grows vigorously on all soils, except loose sand or watersoaked land. A small amount is included in all of Wood's Special Grass and Clover Mixtures.

It is an excellent cover and soil improving legume. Makes a beautiful, deep green colored lawn that grows vigorously during cold weather. Spreading habit. Sow from September through March, 10 to 15 lbs. per acre, preferably scratched in lightly. Inoculate with NITRAGIN. Liming and applying 200 to 300 lbs. per acre of Wood's Super Standard Fertilizer will improve its growth. Manure aids getting a stand.



Wood's Permanent Hay Mixtures produce more tons of hay—over a longer period—at less seeding cost per ton, than any mixtures on the market. They are the surest way to get a good stand—and hay as easily cured.

WOOD'S SPECIAL GRASS AND CLOVER MIXTURES

They contain one-third clover seed, increasing the protein and nutrition of the feed and fertility of the soil. Based on 60 years' testing on our own farms and under actual field conditions throughout the South, we have developed the best possible mixtures for hay or pasture for different types of soils. As few fields are uniform in fertility or drainage and rainfall varies each season, a mixture of many grasses and clovers produce much larger crops than a single grass or clover which frequently fails to make a stand. Our mixtures contain different grasses and clovers that thrive under practically all conditions.

WOOD'S PERMANENT PASTURE MIXTURES

No. 1. FOR LIGHT GRAVELLY OR SANDY SOIL Composed of 16 grasses and clovers, including a generous pro-portion of orchard grass, sheep fescue, tall meadow out grass, red top, paspalum, perennial rye grass, sericea lespedeza and bur clover, all of which make a vigorous growth on light soils, where moisture and fertility is usually lacking.

No. 2. FOR GOOD LOAM SOILS

Composed of 16 grasses and clovers, including a large proportion of Kentucky blue grass, orchard grass, meadow fescue, alfalfa, paspalum, white dutch, black medie, bur and red elover.

No. 3. FOR HEAVY LOAM OR CLAY SOILS

Composed of 16 grasses and clovers, including a large quantity
of Kentucky blue grass, meadow fescue, paspalum, white dutch,
black medic, bur, crimson and red clover, alfalfa and sericea.

No. 4. FOR MOIST BOTTOM LAND

Composed of 14 grasses and clovers, including a predominant amount of meadow fescue, red top, paspalum, timothy, alsike and white dutch clover, which grow well under moist conditions.

Virginia Experiment Station recommends seeding Grass and Clover Mixtures in August and September, to avoid weeds and briars, which always come in spring seedings.

Clover and grass seed require a disked, firm, well fertilized seed bed. Lime when soil is acid. Use 200 to 300 lbs. per acre of WOOD'S SUPER-STANDARD FERTILIZER. If properly cared for and fertilized our grass and clover mixtures will last indefinitely. Cheap mixtures soon die out. Finest quality grass and clover seeds are used in our mixtures. They are of the highest purity and germination, free of noxious weed seed and comply in every way with federal and state regulations.

WOOD'S PERMANENT HAY MIXTURES

Contain grasses and clovers which mature for hay at the same time, making bumper hay crops.

No. 6. FOR LIGHT GRAVELLY OR SANDY SOILS Composed of 9 grasses and clovers with a predominant proportion of tall meadow oat grass, orchard grass, red top, sericea lespedeza, alsike and red clover, all of which make a good growth of hay on light soils which frequently lack moisture and fertility.

No. 7. FOR GOOD LOAM SOIL

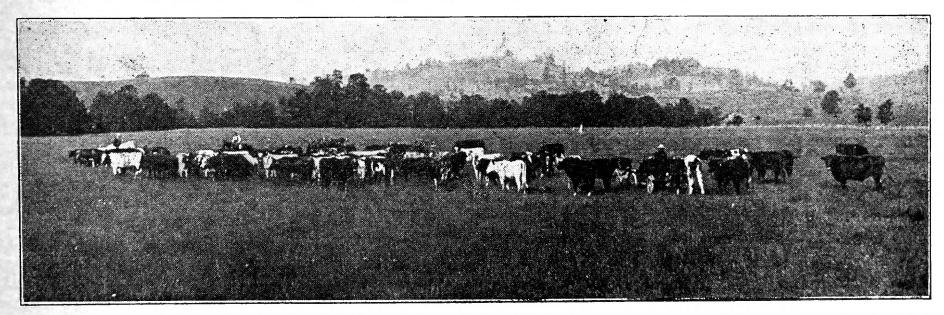
Combines 11 grass and clovers with alfalfa, timothy, tall meadow oat grass, orchard grass and red clover as the base.

No. 8. FOR HEAVY LOAM OR CLAY SOILS

Composed of 13 grasses and clovers with alfalfa, timothy, meadow fescue, red and crimson clovers, which grow well on heavy soils, as chief ingredients.

No. 9. FOR MOIST BOTTOM LAND

Many grasses and clovers drown out on moist land, but this mixture of 8 grasses and clovers contains an abundance of meadow fescue, alsike clover, red top, timothy and paspalum, which thrive with wet feet.



More cattle can be grazed per acre throughout the entire year when **Wood's Fermanent Pasture Mixtures** are seeded. Mo grasses grow only in Spring and Fall, but our mixtures also contain grasses which grow vigorously in winter and summer.

ECONOMY HAY AND PASTURE MIXTURE No. 10

A Splendid Inexpensive Blend for All Soils in the South. Contains the highest quality seed of 19 different grasses and clovers, including all those listed in our other mixtures. Many plant it to preserve or enrich the soil, as it contains a clovers, which add nitrogen. An ideal mixture for complying with the Soil Conservation Program.

WOOD'S ALFALFA SEED

U. S. VERIFIED ORIGIN

991/2% Pure. Over 90% Germination

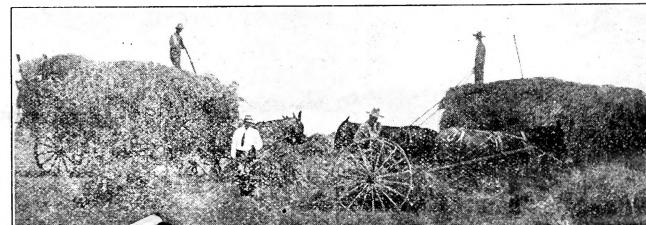
Tests from Ohio to Georgia for years prove Kansas Grown Alfalfa yields more hay than from any other source. Wood's Oklahoma Alfalfa is grown in the counties in Northern Oklahoma bordering Kansas and is practically as good. In mountain sections or northern states with extremely cold winters, Grimm Alfalfa should be planted.

Inoculate alfalfa with NITEAGIN and sow 25 pounds per acre in August or September on a thoroughly prepared, firm seed bed. It prefers deep, rich, well drained soil containing plenty of organic matter and lime. Apply 300 pounds per acre of WOOD'S SUPER-STANDARD FERTILIEER.

Southern Permanent Pasture and Hay Mixture No. 12

An excellent mixture for hay or pasture in the Southern Coastal and Gulf States. Contains grasses and clovers that make as good grazing or hay under adverse Southern conditions as is found in the Blue Grass Section. Suitable to both light and heavy soils. Contains 17 grasses and clovers, including carpet grass, paspalum, black medic, bur and white dutch clovers.

WOOD'S KANSAS ALFALFA gives several cuttings each season—and lasts many years. In the Virginia Experiment Station tests 4 plantings of KANSAS ALFALFA stood the winters better than from any other source and averaged 41 tons per acre.



WOOD'S FINE FEEDS

POULTRY--DAIRY--DOG--PIGEON

-- MADE FRESH DAILY--

WOOD'S POULTRY FEEDS

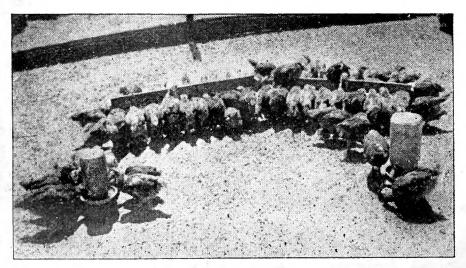
WOODS FOOLIE	/ 1	L E	こしつ
MASH FEEDS	10-lb.	50-lb.	100-lb.
	bag.	bag.	bag.
PAMUNKEY LAYING MASH			
19% protein with dried milk	3.25	\$1.10	\$2.10
HOLLYBROOK LAYING MASH			
20% protein with dried milk	. 30	1.20	2.20
HOLLYBROOK GROWING MASH			
16% protein, with dried milk and			
cod liver oil	. 30	1.30	2.35
HOLLYBROOK GROWING MASH			
With C-Ka-Gene	.35	1.50	2.75
HOLLYBROOK STARTING MASH			
With cod liver oil and dried milk	.35	1.30	2.45
HOLLYBROOK BROILER MASH	.30	1.30	2.40
		,,	
SCRATCH FEEDS			
Contain no grit or shell.			
PAMUNKEY SCRATCH FOOD	. 20	.90	1.65
HOLLYBROOK SCRATCH FOOD	.25	1.95	1.70
HOME SCRATCH (Wheat-Corn)	.20	.85	1.60
ECONOMY SCRATCH	.20	.85	1.55
CITICIZ COD A MOIT EDEDO	•		
CHICK SCRATCH FEEDS)		
PAMUNKEY CHICK GRAINS	.25	1.00	1.90
HOLLYBROOK CHICK GRAINS	. 30	1.05	1.95
HOLLYBROOK DEVELOPING FOOD	.25	1.00	1.80
CODN WHEAT OATS			
CORN—WHEAT—OATS	0.0	0.0	4 50
CRACKED YELLOW CORN	.20	.80	1.50
YELLOW CORN MEAL	.20	.80	$\frac{1.50}{1.70}$
POULTRY WHEAT (old) POULTRY WHEAT (new)	.25	. 90 . 8 0	$\begin{array}{c} 1.70 \\ 1.55 \end{array}$
CORN—YELLOW—80c. per bushel.	. 20	. 60	1.55
WHITE MILLING CORN—85c. per busher.	ushel		
MILLING WHEAT—\$1.60 per 100 lbs			
HEAVY WHITE OATS (for sprouting		shel, 57	c.
Write for illustrated leaflet "HOW To	Ö CULI	L," mail	led free.

WOOD'S PIGEON FEEDS

W 0 0 D 2 1 1 0 2 0 1	•		
	10-lb.	50-lb.	100-lb.
	bag.	bag.	bag.
HOLLYBROOK PIGEON with corn\$. 30	\$1.40	\$2.65
HOLLYBROOK PIGEON without corn	.35	1.50	2.85
PAMUNKEY PIGEON with corn	. 30	1.30	2.40
FAUST PIGEON HEALTH GRIT	. 30	1.15	2.10
CANADA FIELD PEAS (for pigeons)	.40	2.30	4.35
HEMP (for pigeons)	.70	3.40	6.20

WOOD'S DAIRY FEEDS

-			
	100-lb.	5-bag lots,	\mathbf{Per}
	bag.	per bag	Ton
WOOD'S 20% DAIRY F	EED \$1.80	\$1.75	\$33.00
WOOD'S 24% DAIRY F	EED 1.85	1.80	35.00
BRAN-\$1.40 per 100 lb	s. SHIP STUFI	F—100 lbs.,	\$1.55.
COTTON SEED MEAL-	-\$1.95 per 100 lbs	S.	



Wood's New Hampshire Reds—One Month Old.
All Living From Day of Hatch

MISCELLANEOUS FEEDS

	10-lb. bag.	50-lb. bag.	100-lb. bag.
MEAT SCRAPS "PREMIER," 55%\$		\$1.55	\$2.90
FISH MEAL, 55% Protein	. 35	1.55	2.90
POULTRY GRIT, coarse, fine, medium	.15	.45	.80
OYSTER SHELLS (triple screened)	.10	.45	.70
CHARCOAL, coarse, fine, medium	.30	1.00	1.80
ALFALFA LEAF MEAL	. 30	1.15	2.10
LINSEED MEAL, 34%	.35	1.50	2.80
SMALL YELLOW MILLET	.30	1.40	2.65
EPSOM SALTS	.60	2.40	4.50
PULVERIZED OATS	. 25	. 95	1.70
BOCALPHOS (Mineral Supplement).	. 35	1.35	2.50
SKIM MILK (Dried)	.70	3.25	6.25
DRIED BUTTERMILK	.75	3.35	6.50
SUNFLOWER SEED, Medium	.60	2.60	5.00
SUNFLOWER—Large, for parrots	.75	3.25	6.20
MILO MAIZE (for feeding)	.25	1.10	2.00
POWDERED SULPHUR (Dusting)	.60	2.50	4.50
GAME BIRD SCATTER FOOD	.40	1.60	3.00
POULTRY LITTER-\$1.55 per 100 lbs.			

Wood's Special Quail Mash \$\frac{25}{\$1.60}; \frac{100}{100} \text{lbs., } \$\frac{50}{\$2.90}.

C-KA-GENE—A scientific tested and proven compound; offers immunity against Bloody Coccidiosis. We now offer it, on request, in our Hollybrook Growing Mash. Prices in adjoining column.

Natural Cod Liver Oil For Poultry and Animal Feeding—Price, postpaid, 1-qt. can, 70c. each; 2-qt. can, \$1.15. Not postpaid, 1-qt. can, 55c.; 2-qt. can, 90c.; 1-gal. can, \$1.60; 5-gal. can, \$6.75.



DOG FOODS



WOOD'S DOG FOOD (Our Own Make)—To be fed cooked. 25 lbs., \$1.00; 50 lbs., \$1.75; 100 lbs., \$3.00.

HUNT CLUB FOOD—An Excellent Health Producer—10 lbs., 75c.; 25 lbs., \$1.75; 100 lbs., \$6.50.

PARD DOG FOOD (A Swift & Co. Product)—Fed out of cans—1 lb., 10c.; 1 dozen cans, \$1.10; 48 cans, \$4.00.

PRATT'S DOG FOOD—Contains Vitamins Promoting Growth and Resistance to Certain Diseases—In cubes and meal. In Cubes: 10 lbs., 70c.; 25 lbs., \$1.65; 100 lbs., \$6.00. Meal: 10 lbs., 65c.; 25 lbs., \$1.55; 100 lbs., \$5.60.

Write for our descriptive leaflet.

WOOD'S BABY CHICKS

FROM BLOOD TESTED STOCK AND SELECTED BREEDING PENS

Where knowledge and care are given to mating good breeding stock is implied. From this source comes selected eggs going into incubators to produce WOOD'S BABY CHICKS. Write for descriptive catalog containing testimonials on Wood's Chicks from satisfied customers. Order today and name delivery date as far ahead as possible to avoid disappointment.

Postpaid Prices:	Per 100	Per 50	Per 25
BARRED ROCKS	\$8.50	\$4.75	\$2.65
RHODE ISLAND REDS		4.75	2.65
WHITE WYANDOTTES		4.75	2.65
WHITE LEGHORNS		4.75	2.65
BUFF ORPINGTONS		4.75	2.65
NEW HAMPSHIRE REDS	9.00	5.00	2.75

Terms: Cash With Order. Hatch Days: Twice a Week WE GUARANTEE 100% LIVE DELIVERY

T. W. WOOD & SONS

RICHMOND, VA. **SEEDSMEN**



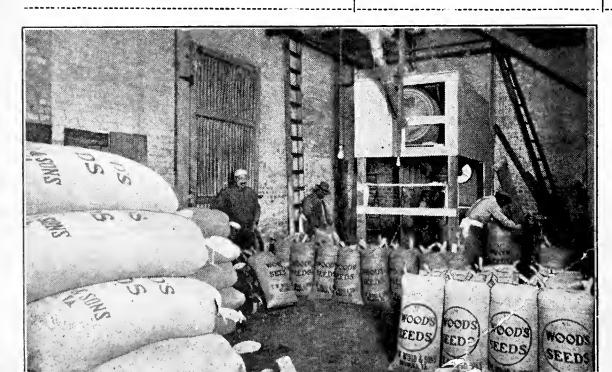
WOOD'S SEEDS ARE TESTED and we know that they will grow before they are sent out. Even then they occasionally do not come up, due to causes over which we have no control, such as covering too deeply or not deeply enough; too little or too much moisture; cold sather insects, or a crust through which the sprouts cannot penetrate, etc.; therefore, T. W. Wood & Sons give no warranty, express or implied, as to description (name and kind), productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants they send out, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned and the amount paid for them will be refunded.

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Please forward the				og to	AMOUNT ENCLOSED	
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Name (Ladies, ple	ease prefix Miss	or Mrs.; the latte and address very	er use husband's	initials.	P. O. Order.	***************************************
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R. F. D. No	Box No	County			Express Order Check or Draft	
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NAME	POST OFFICE	COUNTY	STATE



We Issue You An Invitation

T. W. Wood & Sons, the oldest and largest seed firm in the South, has over 100,000 customers who depend on us for their seed supplies every year. We appreciate their confidence and the responsibility placed on us to supply only those seeds which will produce the best crops, and not infest the land with noxious weeds and disease.

To insure this we have equipped our warehouses with seed-testing, treating and cleaning machinery that is unsurpassed. Its efficiency amazes the many farmers, experiment station men and seedsmen who inspect it annually.

To the left is shown part of our seed-treating equipment—the most modern in existence. We treat seed grains with CERESAN at no extra cost—an invaluable service to our customers. Two of our warehouses are shown on the back of this page.

We invite you to personally inspect our equipment and see for yourself why WOOD'S SEEDS are BEST. You will find the trip most interesting

INSECTICIDES and SPRAYERS Ask for Our Spray Chart

Mailed Free

Arsenate of Lead For All Leaf-eating Insects. Use 1 to 2 pounds to 50 gallons of water (one level tablespoonful to gallon) for general spraying. By mail postpaid, 35c. per lb.; 4-lb. pkg. 90c. Not postpaid, 25c. per lb.; 4-lb. pkg. 65c.; case (48 lbs.), \$6.20.

Rotenone Dust Not poisonous; kills insects on vegetation, but leaves no poisonous residue. Controls bean beetle, cabbage worm, asparagus, cucumber and flea beetles, potato bug, tomato worm, rose slug, leaf hopper, thrips, red spider, plant lice and other garden pests. Apply 15 to 20 pounds per acre. By mail postpaid, lb. 35c.; 5-lb. pkg. \$1.00. Not postpaid, lb. 25c.; 5-lb. pkg. 70c.; 25-lb. pkg. \$3.00.

Rotenone-Sulphur Dust A combination insecticide and fungicide. Recommended for bean beetle, cabbage worm, harlequin bug, red spider,

ed for bean beetle, cabbage worm, harlequin bug, red spider, thrips, aphis, bollworm, squash borer, melon worm and other leaf-eating insects. Also for powdery mildew, rust, anthracnose, black spot and brown canker. By mail postpaid, 5-lb. pkg. \$1.00. Not postpaid, 5-lb. pkg. 65c.; 25-lb. pkg. \$3.00.

Magnesium Arsenate

For Bean Beetle and other Leaf-eating Insects. For spraying, use 1 pound to 50 gallons of water; for dusting, use 1 pound to 5 pounds air-slaked lime or fine road dust. By mail, postpaid, 12-oz. pkg. 45c.; 2-lb. pkg. 80c. Not postpaid, 12-oz. pkg. 35c.; 2-lb. pkg. 60c.

Paris Green For Leaf-eating Insects. Mix one pound of paris green to 50 pounds of plaster, or with water to 150 gallons. On vines and tender vegetables use a larger proportion of plaster and water. By mail postpaid, 1 lb. 20c.; 1 lb. 55c.; 5-lb. pkg. \$2.25. Not postpaid, 1 lb. 15c.; 1 lb. 45c.; 5-lb. pkg., \$2.00.

Bordeaux Mixture

For blights, scab, mildew, etc.—
Prevents blight, scab, rust, mildew, black-rot and other fungus diseases of plants and fruits and improves the quality and increases the yield. Apply on all vine crops, grapes, cucumbers, melons, tomatoes, potatoes and fruit trees, etc. Three sprayings on peanuts at the Holland, Va., experiment station increased the yield 50%. 8 pounds to 50 gallons water makes a 4-4-50 mixture (3 level table-spoonfuls to 1 gallon). By mail postpaid, lb. 35c.; 4-lb. pkg. 85c. Not postpaid, lb. 25c.; 4-lb. pkg. 65c.; case (48 lbs.), \$6.50. **Bordeaux Mixture**

EVER GREEN Yarden SPRAY

For Chewing and Sucking Insects and Ants—For bean beetle, cabbage worms, cucumber and squash beetles, potato bug, cutworms, green fly, white

fly, mealy bug, mites, plant lice, leaf hopper, rose bugs and chafers, aster beetle and currant worm. Not poisonous. For general spraying (1 part to 800) an ounce makes 6 gallons; ½ pint makes 50 gallons. By mail postpaid, oz. bottle 35c.; 6 ozs. \$1.00; 16 ozs. (pint), \$2.20. Not postpaid, gallon \$12.20.



-For Sucking Insects and

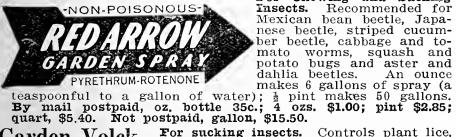
postpaid, 1-oz. bottle 40c.; 5-oz. pkg. \$1.10; lb. \$2.40; 2 lbs., \$3.40; 5 lbs., \$6.00; 10 lbs., \$11.00. Not postpaid, 1 oz. 35c.; 5 ozs., \$1.00; lb. \$2.25; 2 lbs., \$3.25; 5 lbs., \$5.85; lo lbs., \$10.60.

For Leaf-eat-Slug Shot ing Insects. s, worms and Destroys insects, worms and caterpillars on vegetables and house plants, shrubbery, fruits and flowers. Apply dry or in water. By mail postpaid, 1-lb. sifter-top pkg. 35c.; 5-lb. pkg. \$1.00. Not postpaid, 1 lb. 25c.; 5-lb. pkg. 75c.

NON-POISONOUS

Dusting Sulphur

Apply it for red spider, brown rot, scab, mildew, leaf-spot, rust and other fungus diseases on roses and other flowering plants. Use it on potatoes when cut for planting to prevent scab and bleeding; for plant mites and for making "dry mix." Dusting peanuts with sulphur increased the yield 35% at the Holland, Va., experiment station. By mail postpaid, 5 lbs. 70c.; 10 lbs. \$1.10. Not postpaid, 5 lbs. 45c.; 10 lbs. 75c.; 25 lbs. \$1.50; 50 lbs. \$2.80; 100-lb. bag, \$5.25.



For Chewing and Sucking Insects. Recommended for Mexican bean beetle, Japa-

Garden Volck

For sucking insects. Controls plant lice, red spider, thrips, mealy bug, squash bug, mildew, rust, scale, insects, etc. Contains oil, nicotine and soap. By mail postpaid, 3½-oz. pkg. 40c.; pt. \$1.15; qt. \$1.75; gal. \$4.40. gal. \$4.00. Not postpaid, 3½-oz. pkg. 35c.; pt. \$1.00; qt. \$1.50;

Cut Worm Bait For cut worms, sow buge grasshoppers, snails and other garden pe. ts. By mail postpaid, 1½-lb. pkg. 50c.; 4-lb. pkg. \$1.10. Not 1 tpaid, 1½-lb. pkg. 40c.; 4-lb. pkg. 85c.

Follogen

Eliminates moles from lawns; not poise ous to humans and pets.

By mail postpaid, ½ lb occ.; 12.1b.

pkg. \$1.25; 5 lbs. \$4.25.

Not postpaid, ½ lb. 50c.; 12.1b. Mologen

rish Oil Soap (Sometimes called Whale Oil Soap—Destroys mealy bug and almost all lice on sects. By mail postpaid, lb. 40c.; 5 lbs. \$1.50. Not postpaid, lb. 3cc.; 5 lbs. \$1.25. Fish Oil Soap

Wettable Sulphur Wets quickly, stays long in suspension with lead arsenate. Black Leaf 40, rotenone, pyrethrum and oil sprays. By mail postpaid, 5-lb. pkg. \$1.25. Not postpaid, 5-lb. pkg. \$1.00.

Kills weeds and poison ivy. Exterminates weeds in walks, driveways, tennis courts, etc. Deadly to vegetation but harmless to humans and birds, so can be used with safety. If inserted into the crown of the plant it kills dande-

crown of the plant it kills dandelions on lawns. It is odorless and colorless and will not stain or injure marble or cement. Dissolve 1½ to 2 pounds to a gallon of water and apply 2 gallons to 100 square feet; repeat the applications in 30 days. 1 to 1½ pounds to a gallon of water kills poison ivy. By mail postpaid, 5-lb. pkg. \$1.75. Not postpaid, 5-lb. pkg. \$1.50; 15-lb. pkg. \$3.50; 50-lb. pkg. \$7.50.

Antrol Ant Powder Kills ants and roaches. Recomments, camps, summer homes, etc. By mail postpaid, 12-oz. shaker top can, 20c.; 41-oz. can, 35c. Not postpaid, 13-oz. 15c; 41-oz. 45c.

Ant Trap Kills both sweet and grease eating ants. Safe and effective. Controls ants in the home, out-of-greenhouses. By mail postpaid, 20c. Not postpaid, 15c.

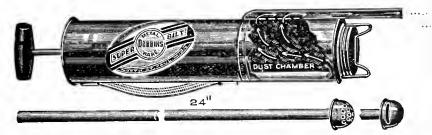
Kills weevils, bugs and insects Carbon Bisulphide while in storage. When placed on top of either bulk or sacked grain the fumes permeate the entire bulk. By mail postpaid, lb. 50c.; 2½-lb. pkg. 95c.; 5-lb. pkg. \$1.65. Not postpaid, lb. 40c.; 2½-lb. pkg. 75c.; 5-lb. pkg. \$1.35.

SPRAYERS AND DUSTERS

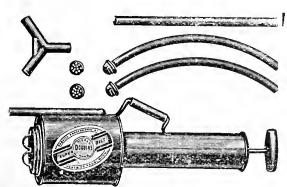
No. 34. Openhead Compressed Air Sprayer A splendidly built high pressure sprayer, easy to operate and economical to use. The tank is made of first quality material; all seams are riveted, beaded and soldered; the pump cylinder is seamless brass, non-corrosive; has a brass automatic shutoff valve in the nozzle that operates perfectly under all pressure; an efficient and durable air valve; equipped with 22 inches of hose and a 2-foot brass extension pipe. The automatic shut-off nozzle is adjustable for spray-

No. 12 and No. 22, Compressed Air Sprayers

No. 9. Compressed Air Sprayer A good sprayer at a low price. Automatic shut-off nozzle; 20-inch brass extension pipe curved to reach under the foliage; the galvanized steel tank holds 2 gallons, just the size for home gardens. Easy to fill, clean and drain. By mail postpaid, \$2.75. Not postpaid, \$2.50.



A serviceable and convenient duster for small gardens and poultry houses, one that distributes dry powdered insecticides perfectly to the last particle of dust in the dust chamber, dusting either on top or under the leaves. The filler cap is easy to remove for refilling. By mail postpaid, \$1.20. Not postpaid, \$1.00. No. 132 Duster



______ No. 120 Duster

Of larger capacity than No. 132 and betthan No. 132 and better suited for larger areas. Every stroke of the plunger produces a powerful air blast that breaks up the powder into a fine dust that will reach all parts of the plant. Dusts perfectly all powdered insecticides on top or under the leaves. By mail, postpaid, \$2.70. Not postpaid, \$2.50.

Brass Continuous Sprayer —Built of solid brass to insure long wear.

Slow pumping gives a continuous unbroken spray. Twin nozzles for straight and angle spraying. By mail postpaid, \$1.90. Not postpaid,

Wood's Flower Seeds for Summer Planting

FOR FULL DESCRIPTIONS SEE OUR ANNUAL CATALOG.

In the South perennials, biennials and hardy annuals may be sown outs de in the fall. These sowings make finer plants, earlier, larger and more brilliant blooms. Annuals should have a slight covering in extreme weather; tender perennials should be carried through the winter in the house.

Prepare the ground as fine, smooth and level as a rake will make it; plant in rows so the young plants may be easily seen; cover lightly—a good rule is to cover four to six times the diameter of the seeds; very fine seeds should be pressed into the soil.

Half hardy varieties (marked HH) need protection; varieties marked (T) tender, should be wintered in the house.

PERENNIALS AND BIENNIALS

No. 553. ABUTILON (Bell Flower or Flowering Maple—Flowers of many colors; leaves often variegated. Pkt. 15c.

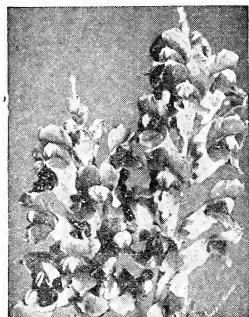
No. 556. ACHILLEA (The Pearl)—2 feet high, covered with pure white double blooms. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 60c.

No. 562. ADLUMIA (Allegheny Vine)—Fink flowers; fernlike foliage. Pkt. 10c.; 5 oz. 35c.

No. 571. ALYSSUM (Saxatile Compactum)—Brilliant golden yellow flowers. Fkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 25c.

No. 579. AMPELOPSIS (Boston Ivy)—Hardy perennial climber. Pkt. 10c.; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c.

No. 582. ANCHUSA (Italica Dropmore)—Gentian blue flowers; good for cutting. Pkt. 10c.; ½ oz. 20c.; ½ oz. 30c.



Antirrhinum or Snapdragon

Antirrhinum or Snapdragon.

Biennials, but, when mild weather prevails, usually treated as annuals.

No. 589. Tall Large Flowering—A fine mixture of all colors. Pkt. 5c.; _)z. 30c.; ½ oz. 50c.

No. 590. Wood's Brilliant Mixture—Especially fine strain and extra large blooms. Pkt. 15c.; ½ oz. 30c.; ¼ oz. 50c.

No. 584. University of California, Rust Proof—80% or more rust-proof. Pkt. 10c.; § oz. 25c.

No. 585. Snow White

No. 586. Deep Pink

No. 587. Canary Yellow

No. 588. Defiance Scarlet
All large flowering. Each:
Pkt. 10c.; ½ oz. 25c.;
½ oz. 40c.

No. 598. ARABIS (Rock Cress). For rockeries and edgings, fragrant white flower. Pkt. 10c. 4 oz. 20c.

Aquilegia or Columbine

Easily grown, hardy perennials, lasting for years; exquisite blooms.

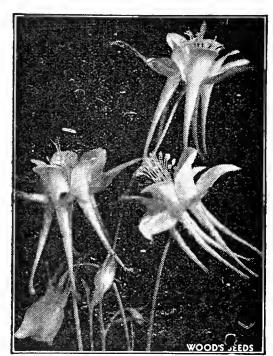
No. 593. Mrs. Scott Elliott's Long Spurred—Blooms large, spurs long; splendid display of brilliant colors. Pkt. 15c.; 1 oz. 50c.

No. 596. Mixed Colors— A long spurred strain. Pkt. 10c.; 4 oz. 25c.

No. 606. PERENNIAL ASTER (Michaelmas Daisy)—Showy perennial. Pkt. 10c.; ½ oz. 50c.

No. 650. BEGONIA (Vernon) (T) — Brilliant scarlet blooms. Pkt. 10c.

No. 682. CANDYTUFT (Theris Sempervirens). White perennial. Pkt. 10c.; ½ oz. 25c.



Aquilegia or Columbine

Canterbury Bells

Beautiful hardy biennials; bell shaped flowers of exquisite colors.

No. 688, Single Mixed Colors. Pkt. 5c.;

No. 689. Double Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10c.; & oz. 20c.

CENTAUREA or DUSTY MILLER (H H)
—For bedding, borders and hanging baskets.

No. 706. Gymnocarpa. Pkt. 5c.; 1 oz. 15c.; 2 oz. 25c.

No. 714. CHINESE LANTERN (Physalis)—The scarlet pods resemble paper lanterns. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 20c.

No. 716. JAPANESE CHRYSANTHEMUM—All colors, mixed.

Carnation

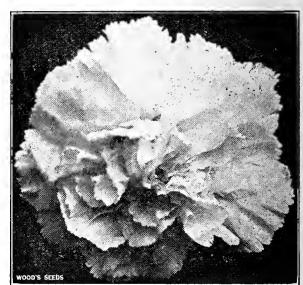
Delicious in fragrance and of many colors.

No. 698. Finest German Double. There is no finer strain. Pkt. 20c.; ‡ oz. 50c.

No. 697. Chabaud's Perpetual. Blooms in five months and continues indefinitely; mixed colors. Pkt. 10c.; ‡ oz. 25c.

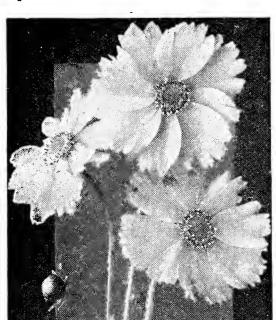
No. 696. Marguerite.
Fine for bedding and pots; blooms double; mixed colors. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 35c.

No. 699. Double Carnations — Mixed colors. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 50c.



Carnation

No. 726. CLEMATIS (Paniculata)—Hardy perennial climber, covered with a mass of star-like fragrant flowers. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 25c.



Coreopsis

No. 668. COREOPSIS.

Beautiful golden yellow hardy perennial.

Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 25c.

No. 768, COWSLIP— Fragrant blooms of many colors; 6 inches high. Pkt. 10c.; ½ oz. 60.

Dahlia (H H) Plant indoors to have early blooms next summer.

No. 780. Peony Flowered — Petals curled and twisted. Pkt. 10c.; & oz. 40c.

No. 781. Cactus Flowered—Rich and varied colors. Pkt. 15c.; 1 oz. 75c.

No. 782. Double Mixed Colors—All types. Pkt. 10c.; \$ oz. 35c.; \$ oz. 65c.

No. 783. Single Mixed Colors. A fine mixture. Pkt. 5c.; 1 oz. 30c.

English Daisy (Bellis)—For beds, borders, rockeries and porch boxes.

No. 786. Double Pink, and No. 787. Double White. Each, pkt. 10c.; & oz. 35c.

No. 788. Double Mixed Colors—Pkt. 10c.; & oz. 25c.; & oz. 40c.

No. 793. SHASTA DAISY—Showy border plant and fine cut flower. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 30c.

Delphinium

(Perennial Larkspur)
Bears huge spikes of large flowers; lasts for years

No. 796. Belladonna. Exquisite turquoise blue. Pkt. 15c.; & oz. 50c.

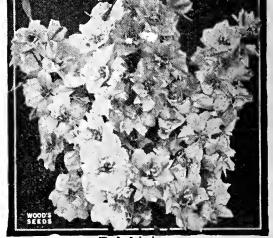
No. 798. Belladonna. Extense rich deep blue. Pkt. 15c.; † oz. 50c.

No. 800. Gold Medal Hybrids. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10c.; 4 oz. 50c.

No. 87.7. DIGITALIS.

He idsome and stately;

pendulous flowers; ornamental foliage. Mixed colors. Pkt. 5c.;



1 oz. 20c.

No. 812. DIANTHUS (Clove Pink)—Hardy garden pink; many beautiful colors. Pkt 10c.; ½ oz. 30c.

Forget-Me-Not (Myosotis). Effective grown in masses;

No. 852. Bose Pink. Pkt, 19c.; 1 oz. 25c. No. 853. Deep Blue. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 25c. No. 855. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 50; 4 oz. 20c.



Gaillardia

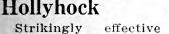
No. 860. GAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA Gorgeous flowers, 2½ to 3 inches acress. Pkt. 10c.; 4 oz. 20c.

No. 866. GEUM (Mrs. Bradshaw). Brilliant double orange scarlet flower. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 30c.

No. 878. GYPSOPHIJ.A (Perennial Baby's Breath). Pkt. 5c.; 1 oz. 25c.

No. 893. HELIOTROFE (H H)—Long lasting blooms of delightful fragrance. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 20c.

No. 897. HIBISCUS (Mallow Marvel). Big bowl shaped blooms often 6 inches across. Lasts for years. Pkt. 10c.; ½ oz. 25c.



Strikingly effective in clump and as background for smaller plants. We offer Chater's strain.

No. 902. Double White

No. 903. Double Pink No. 904. Double Yellow

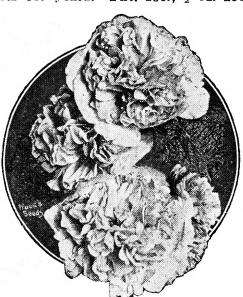
No. 905. Double Scarlet

Each: Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 30c.; 2 oz. 50c. No. 908. Double Mixed Col-

ors. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 25c.; ½ oz. 40c.

No. 909. Allegheny. Nearly transparent fringed flowers, 5 inches across. Pkt. 10c.; ½ oz. 30c.

No. 914. Honesty. Sweet-scented, many colored blooms followed by silv-ery seed pods for house decoration. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 20c.; ½ oz. 35c.



Double Hollyhock

No. 926. KENILWORTH IVY. Effective for rockeries, boxes and baskets. Pkt. 10c.; ½ oz. 20c.

No. 945. LINUM (Perennial Blue). Graceful bright blue flowers. Pkt. 10c.; ½ oz. 25c.

Lupins (Perennial). Magnificent in perennial border or bed.

No. 957. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 5c.; ½ oz. 25c. No. 956. Blue. Fkt. 10c.; 4 oz. 25c.

No. 1061. OXALIS (H H) For rockeries, hanging baskets and

borders. Pkt. 10c.



Wood's Royal Pansy

Pansy

Late summer and fall plantings bloom earlier and are more brilliant than from spring plant-

Moisten the seeds after planting cover with unbleached muslin or newspaper to eonserve the moisture, for drying out is fatal. Pansies will stand the severest winters without protection.

No. 1075. Wood's Royal Mixture. Blooms large, or perfect form and in an endless variety of richest colors. Pkt. 10c.; ½ oz. 50c.; ¼ oz., 85c.; ½ oz. \$1.50; oz. \$2.50.

No. 1076. Wood's Exhibition Mixture. The richest and handsomest pansy mixture; as near blooms 2 to 3 inches across. Pkt. 25c.; 3 pkts. for 60c.;

No. 1077. Wood's Superb Frilled. Each petal is curled or frilled; every imaginable pansy color. Pkt. 15c.; \(\frac{1}{2} \) oz. 60c.

No. 1078. Giant Trimardeau Mixture. Remarkably large blooms; rich and varied colors. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 30c.; 1 oz. 50c.; 2 oz. 90c.

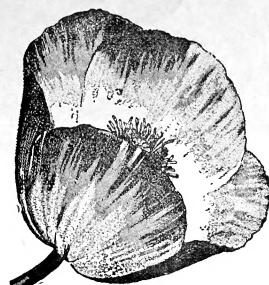
No. 1079. Large Tiemering. A rich mixture for bedding and borders. Pkt. 5c.; 1 35c.; 1 oz. 60c.

No. 1080. Tufted Fansy (Vicin Corunta). Smaller flowered but have longer stems; blooms the shout the summer. Pkt. 10c.;



Made from special imported hides processed to render them amazingly soft and pliable.
Permit lmost barehand free om yet provide complet, all-leather protection. deal for

Washable. Four sizes: "Small" and "Medium" for women, "Ledium" and "Large" sizes for men. Be sure to specify the six wanted. By mail postpaid, 80c per pair.



Perennial Poppy

PERENNIAL - POPPIES

Easily grown and yield huge brilliantly colored blooms of texture like erinkled silk.

No. 1'.50. Oriental Scarlet. They are rivalled only by the finest Darwin tulips. **Pkt. 10c.**; § oz. 20c.; 4 oz. 30c.

No. 1152 Princess Victoria Louise (Oriental pink). Soft lilac rose. Pkt. 15c.; ½ oz. 45c.

o 1151. Iceland Poppy. Resembles crushed satin. All colors mixed. Pkt. No 1151. 10c.; 1 oz. 20c.; 1 oz. 35c.

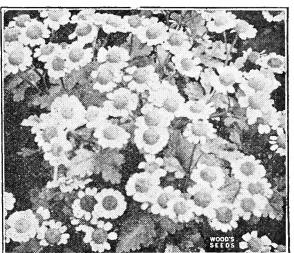
Pyrethrum

(Painted Daisy). Easily grown and yield an abundance of showy flowers.

No. 1166 Roseum. Beautiful large rose pink blooms; a fine cut flower. Pkt. 1Cc; ½ oz. 3Cc.

No. 1165. Golden Feather. Has attractive yellow foliage and ball shaped white blooms. Pkt. 5c.; 1 oz. 20c.

o. 1181. SALVIA
Patens (T). Intense
bright blue extra
large flowers. Pkt. 15c.; ½ oz. 50c.

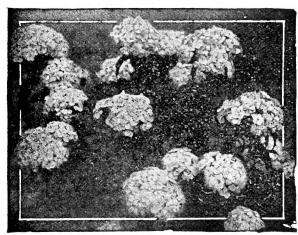


Pyrethrum Roseum

No. 1186. SCABIOSA (Perennial Blue). Prettily fringed light blue flowers on long stems. Pkt. 10c.; ½ oz. 50c.

No. 1204. STOKESIA (Cornflower Aster). Long stemmed, bright blue flowers. 3 to 4 inches across; fine for cutting. Pkt. 10c.; & oz. 25c.

o. 1216. SWEET ROCKET (Hesperis). A charming sweet scented flower for the border and for cutting. Pkt. 5c.; 1 oz. No. 1216. 15c.; ½ oz. 25c.



Sweet William

Sweet William

The rich and varied eolors produce a splendid effect in beds and borders.

No. 1222. Single White

Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 25c.

No. 1223. Newport
Pink. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 30c. No. 1224. Scarlet

Beauty. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 30c. No. 1227. Single Mixed

Colors. Pkt. 5c.; 1 oz. 15c.; 1 oz. 25c. No. 1233. Double Mix-

ed Colors. Pkt. 10c.; ½ oz. 30c.; ½ oz. 50c.

No. 1253. VERBENA VENOSA. Lovely purplish blue; fine for beds, borders and rock gardens. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 35c.

No. 1260. VERONICA (Spicata). Bears long spikes of bright pink and white flowers; fine cut flower. Pkt. 10c.; § oz. 30c.

No. 1267. VINCA (Periwinkle) (T). Splendid for bedding, window gardens, house plants and borders. Take indoors for winter flowering. Mixed colors. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 15c.; 1 oz. 25c.



Wallflower

Wallflower (H H) The blooms have a pleasing fragrance and come in a variety of startling oriental colors.

No. 1276. Single Mixed Colors. Large and fragrant. , Pkt. 5c.; 4 oz. 15c.

No. 1277. Double Mixed Colors. Large and fragrant. Pkt. 10c.; 3 oz. 40c.

No. 1278. Cheiranthus Allioni (Siberlan Wallflower). For rock gardens and low borders; dazzling orange flower. Pkt. 10c.; 4 oz. 25c.

No. 1279. Cheiranthus Linifolius. Alpine Wallflower. For rock gardens; lilac flower. Pkt. 10c.; 1 oz. 50c.

Bulbs for Fall Planting

If you are interested in bulbs for fall planting, send us a postal card request for our Bulb Catalog that will be issued about Octo-

WOOD'S TESTED GARDEN SEEDS

FOR SUMMER PLANTING

VARIETIES LISTED ARE THE BEST FOR THE HOME GARDEN

Plant every two weeks until six or seven weeks of frost to have a continu-BEANS ous supply and to can for winter use.

Stringless Black Valentine

No. 12. No. 13. Full Measure Bountiful or Early Six Weeks

No. 15.

No. 26. No. 27. No. 28.

Burpee's Stringless Green Pod Rustless Golden Wax Bountiful Wax Dwarf Black Wax Currie's Rust Froof Wax

Surecrop Stringless Wax

PRICES—ALL VARIETIES

By mail postpaid, pkt. 10c.; ½ 1b. 20c.;

1b. 30c.; 2 1bs. 45c.; 5 1bs. 95c.; 10

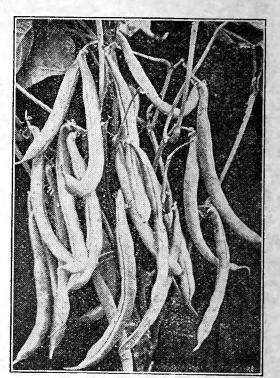
1bs. \$1.65.

Not postpaid, lb. 20c.; 2 lbs. 30c.; 5 lbs. 70c.; 10 lbs. \$1.30; 25 lbs. \$3.00; 50 lbs. \$5.75; 100 lbs. \$11.00.



PEETSPlant now for a supply for winter use. Plant 1 inch deep in a light, cleanly worked soil. Thin out to 4 inches apart. Soak before planting. They may be stored in kilns or in sand in the cellar.

ALL VARIETIES No. 67. Wood's Early Wonder By Mail Postpaid No. 68. Wood's Crimson Globe Fkt. 5c. No. 69. Crosby's Egyptian Oz. 10c. No. 70. Imp. Early Blood Turnip 1 lb. 20c. No. 71. Extra Early Egyptian 1 lb. 65c. No. 73. Detroit Dark Red 2 lbs. \$1.10 No. 74. Edmand's Blood Turnip 5 lbs. \$2.50 No. 76. Swiss Chard 10 lbs. \$4.50.

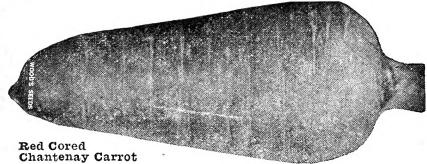


Full Measure Stringless Beans

Our Copenhagen Market, Golden Acre and Danish Ballhead are grown in Denmark, where they originated, and where the most perfect strains are grown. All our other varieties, except two unimportant kinds, are grown from finely bred Long Island stock. BY MAIL POSTPAID

		Pkt.	Oz.	1 1b.	Lb.	2 lbs.	5 lbs.	10 lbs.
No. 90.	Wood's Extra Early	.10	. 20	.50	£1.60	\$3.00	\$7.00	\$13.00
No. 91.	Copenhagen Market	.20	.20	. 50	1.75	3.75	7.50	14.00
No. 92.	Golden Acre	.10	. 20	, 6 0	2.00	3.70	8.95	16.50
No. 93.	Wood's Selected Early Jersey Wakefield	.05	.15	.45	1.50	2.70	6.25	11.0 0
No. 94.	Wood's Charleston Wakefield	. 05	.15	.45	1.5 0	2.70	6.25	11.00
No. 95.	Early Flat Dutch	. C 5	. 1 5	.43	1.40	2.60	6.00	11.00
No. 96.	All Head Early	. C 5	.15	. 40	1.40	2.60	6.00	11.00
No. 97.	All Seasons		. 15	. 4 0	1.40	2.60	6. 0 0	11.00
No. 98.	Henderson's Early Summer	. 05	. 15	. 4 0	1.40	2.60	6.00	11.00
No. 100.	Henderson's Succession	.05	.15	.40	1.40	2.60	6.00	11.00
No. 102.	Surehead		.15	.40	1.40	2.60	6.00	11.00
No. 103.	Large Late Flat Dutch	. 0 5	.15	. 4 0	1.49	2.6 0	6.00	11.00
No. 104.	Wood's Prize Head Late Flat Dutch	.10	. 20	. 50	1.50	2.80	6.50	12.00
No. 105.	Large Late Drumhead	. 05	.15	.40	1.40	2.60	6. 0 0	11.00
No. 106.	Short Stemmed Danish Ballhead	.10	.20	.50	1.60	3.00	7.00	13.00
No. 107.	Perfection Drumhead Savoy	. 05	. 15	.47	1.40	2.60	6.00	11.00
No. 108.	Mammoth Rock Red	. 10	.20	. 60	2.00	3.60	8.25	14.50
No. 114.	Wong Bok Chinese Petsai	. 05	.15	. 45	1.50	2.70	6.00	11.50

CARROT Plant in August for a crop to store for winter. Plant ½ inch deep in 12 to 18-inch rows and thin out to stand 3 to 4 inches apart. Soak before planting if the weather is dry.



No. 120. DANVERS HAJF LONG—Adapted to a great variety of soils. About 7 inches long, smooth and handsome; deep orange color. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1 lb. 20c; lb. 65c.; 2 lbs. \$1.10; 5 lbs. \$2.50; 10 lbs. \$4.50, postpaid.

o. 123. IMPROVED LONG ORANGE—Fine for deep, light soils. The long, deep orange colored roots are smooth and free from side roots. Fine for winter storing. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1 lb. 20c.; 1b. 65c.; 2 lbs. \$1.10; 5 lbs. \$2.50, postpaid.

No. 118. OXHEART OR GUERANDE-A heavy yielder especially o. 116. OAREART OF GOLFANDS—A heavy yielder especially adapted to stiff and heavy, also shallow soils. About 4½ to 5 inches long, 3½ to 4 inches thick at the top; bright orange flesh; fine grained and sweet. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; ½ lb. 20c.; lb. 65c.; 2 lbs. \$1.10; 5 lbs. \$2.50; 10 lbs. \$4.50, postpact.

o. 119. (700D'S SCARLET INTERMEDIATE—The finest of all carrots, 6 to 7 inches long, 11 inches thick, holding its thickness to the small tap-root; rich, bright orange flesh. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 15c.: 1 lb. 25c.; lb. 80c.; 2 lbs. \$1.40; 5 lbs. \$3.25; 10 lbs. \$6.10, postpaid.

FED CORED CHANTENAY—A carrot of the first-class, 5½ to 6 inches long, 2 to 2½ inches acrors, tapering to a blunt end. Smooth, crisp, sugary, tender, fine grained and without heavy core. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; ¼ 1b. 20c.; 1b. 65c.; 2 lbs. \$1.10 5 lbs. \$2.50; 10 lbs. \$4.50, postpaid. RESS No. 183. SURLED OR PEPPER GRASS—Grows quickly and makes a fine pungent salad. I foot high. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 4-1b. 20c.; 1b. 60c.; 2 lbs. \$1.10; 5 lbs. \$2.25; 10 lbs. \$4.00, postpaid.

No. 186. UPLAND CREUS—Lasts for years; flavor like water cress; grows on any soil Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 4-lb. 40c.; lb. \$1.00; 2 lbs. \$1.80; 5 lbs. \$4.00 postpaid.

Plant in August; transplant 2 inches apart COLLARDS in the row.

By Mail Postpaid
 Pkt. Oz.
 1 lb.
 Lb.
 2 lbs.
 5 lbs.

 .05
 .10
 .20
 .60
 \$1.40
 \$2.25

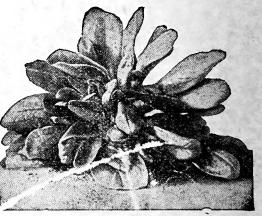
 .05
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 1.75
 .10

CORN SALAD

Sometimes Called Lamb's Lettuce

A very delightful salad that can be served like lettuce or cooked like that can be served like lettuce or cooked like spinach. Plant in September to produce salad during the fall. Make the hills a foot apart, cover half an inch, press the sail firmly and cultithe soil firmly and cultivate like spinach.

No. 185. Large Seeded. o. 185. Large Seeded. By mail postpaid, pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1-lb. 35c.; 1b. \$1.25; 2 lbs. \$2.20; 5 lbs. \$4.75.



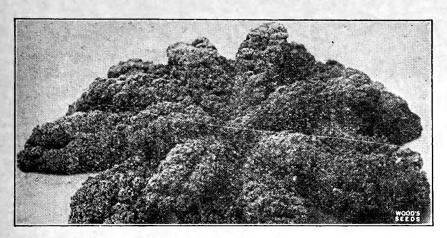
Corn Silad

A delicious salad for fall and winter. Plant in August or September in 18-inch drills and thin to one foot spart. Two to three weeks before it is so be used, tie up the outer leaves to blanch the heart; give plenty ENDIVE

IIo. 210. GREEN CURLED—Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1 lb. 30c.; 1b. Oc.; 2 lbs. \$1.60; 5 lbs. \$3.50, postpaid.

No. 211. BROAD-LEAVED BATAVIAN OR ESCAROLLE—Crisp and tender; blanches creamy white. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1 lb. 30c.; 1b. 90c.; 2 lb3. \$1.60; 5 lbs. \$3.50, postpaid.

KALE Siberian and Scotch are the popular sorts for fall planting. Plant till October 15th, either broadcast or in drills 18 inches apart; give some cultivation, and they will yield greens throughout the winter. Spring or Smooth Kale makes greens earlier than the winter sorts; 8 pounds sows an acre broadcast; 4 to 5 pounds in drills. Plant every 10 days for a continuous supply of tender greens.



Scotch Kale

No. 219. Early Curled Siberian BLUE KALE OF GER-MAN GREENS—A hardy, vigorous, spreading green kale, with a distinctive bluish tinge. Stands the winter without protection and makes rapid growth in the spring. The leaves are beautifully curled and retain their crisp fresh appearance long after cutting. Slow to run to seed. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1 lb. 20c.; 1b. 55c.; 2 lbs. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.70 postpaid.

No. 220. Blue Curled Scotch Very hardy, beautifully curled and keeps long after eutting. Very dwarf, grows close to the ground, giving it protection against extreme cold; we have never known it to winter kill; color dark bluish green. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1 lb. 20c.; 1b. 60c.; 2 lbs. \$1.10; 5 lbs. \$2.25; 10 lbs. \$4.00 postpaid.

No. 221. Green Curled Scotch or Norfolk-

Makes a quick and large spreading growth; leaves bright, deep green, exquisitely curled and crimped; very hardy. Our strain is exceptionally handsome and uniform. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1 lb. 20c.; 1b. 60c.; 2 lbs. \$1.10; 5 lbs. \$2.25; 10 lbs. \$4.00, postpaid.

No. 222. Spring or Smooth Kale

SPRING SPROUTS or HANOVER SALAD. Largely sown in the fall for cutting during the winter and spring before the winter kinds are ready. Cut it while young and tender; ready in three or four weeks after planting. Plant every two weeks for a supply of tender sprouts. Pkt. 5c.; ½ lb. 10c.; lb. 25c.; 2 lbs. 45c.; 5 lbs. \$1.03; 10 lbs. \$1.80, postpaid.



KOHL RABI Combines the flavors of the cabbage and turnip and makes a splendid dish if used when two to three inches thick;

thin to 6 inches apart.

No. 225. EARLY WHITE VIENNA—
Pkt. 5c; oz. 15c.; 1 lb. 40c.; lb. \$1.25;
2 lbs. \$2.20; 5 lbs. \$4.75, postpaid.

LEEK Plant in September and transplant in the fall, or early spring 4 to 6 inches apart in rows 18 inches apart.

oz. 15c; 1 lb. 50c.; lb \$1.75; 2 lbs. \$3.30, postpaid.

MUSTARD

Plant till October either broadcast or in rows 12 to 18 inches Plant one ounce to 100 feet of row, or broadcast 5 to 6

No. 291. Tendergreen or Mustard Spinach-



Southern Giant Curled Mustard

Ready for use in 3 to 4 weeks after planting and yields an abundance of splendid salad that eombines the flavors and healthful qualities of spinach and mustard. Successive planting should be throughout the year, for it stands both cold and hot weather. Prepare it as you do turnip salad.

Southern Giant Curled

Forms a great mass of leaves beautifully ruffled and finely curled and crimped around the edges, succulent, pungent and of sweet flavor.

No. 292. Chinese Broad Leaved-

When prepared like spinach makes fine greens. Ready in six weeks from sowing; tender and free from bitter flavor.

RICES
All Mustard Varieties: Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.;
1 lb. 15c.; lb. 50c.; 2-lb. lots, 45c. per lb.;
5-lb. lots 35c. per lb.; 10-lb. lots 30c. per lb., postpaid. PRICES

ONION SEED FOR FALL PLANTING

Plant in a well-prepared bed in September, and when the size of a goosequill transplant 4 inches apart in 18-ineh rows, trimming the tops and roots; it is not unusual to double the yield by transplanting. For fall planting we recommend Copper King Prize Taker and Mammoth Silver King. One ounce plants 100 feet of drill; 5 to 6 pounds will transplant an acre.

No. 308. PRIZE TAKER OR SPANISH KING. The outside is a rich straw color; the flesh pure write, sweet and mild. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1 lb. 45c.; lb. \$1.50; 2-lb. lots, \$1.35 per lb.; 5-lb. lots, \$1.25 per lb.; 10-lb. lots, \$1.15 per lb., postpaid.

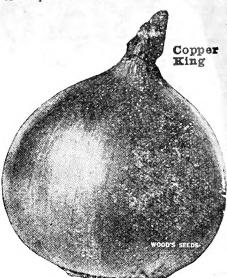
No. 310. MAMMOTH SILVER KING. One of the largest ltalian onions often 5 inches

KING. One of the largest ltalian onions, often 5 inches in diameter. Skin and flesh Italian onions, often 5 inches in diameter. Skin and flesh white, very tender and mild flavored. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 15c.; 1 lb. 45c.; lb. \$1.50; 2-lb. lots, \$1.35 per lb.; 5-lb. lots, \$1.25 per lb., postpaid.

No. 307. COPPER KING. Attains an enormous size; flesh white, sweet, mild and tender. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; 1 lb.

der. Pkt. 10c.; oz. 20c.; i lb. 60c.; lb. \$1.75; 2-lb. lots, \$1.65 per lb.; 5-lb. lots, \$1.50

per 1b., postpaid.



WINTER RADISHES

Winter radishes are slower in growth than other radishes, but

Winter radishes are slower in growth than other radishes, but the flesh is firmer and they are better keepers. The quality is not so dependent on quick growth as with other sorts, but they should have a good, light, mellow soil for best results. Plant during August-September or early October, half an inch deep in rows 18 to 24 inches apart and thin out. When freezing weather comes on take them up and pack in sand in a cool cellar or bury them outside, and they will keep all winter. One ounce plants 50 feet of drill; 8 to 10 pounds plant an acre.

No. 393. ROSE CHINA WINTERo. 393. ROSE CHINA WINTER—Cylindrical in shape; of medium size; bright deep rose-colored skin. The flesh is white very solid and of the very finest quality. The most popular of all winter radishes; a fine keeper. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1 lb. 20c.; lb. 65c.; 2-lb. lots, 55c. per lb.; 5-lb. lots, 50c. per lb.; 10-lb. lots, 45c. per lb. postpaid.

No. 392. CHINESE OR CELESTIALorisp, mild and juicy, and undoubtedly the finest of all extra large, pure white radishes. Grows from 6 to 8 inches long and 2½ to 3 inches thick. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; ½ lb. 20c.; 1b. 65c.; 2-lb. lots 55c. per 1b.; 5-lb. lots 50c. per 1b.; 10-lb. lots 45c. per 1b., postpaid postpaid.

No. 394. LONG BLACK SPANISH—One of the latest and hardiest varieties. Has dark brown skin; oblong in shape, holding its thickness throughout. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1 lb. 20c.; lb. 65c.; 2-lb. lots 55c. per lb.; Rose China Winter 5-lb. lots 50c. per lb.; 10-lb. lots 45c. per lb. postpaid.



SPINACH

OUR SPINACH SEEDS ARE TREATED

For fall use plant in August or September; for winter or spring plant from the end of September till December—one inch deep in drills 18 to 24 inches apart. Requires little cultivation. Two ounces will plant 100 feet of drill; 12 to 15 pounds one acre.

o. 402. NORFOLK SAVOY OR BLOOMSDALE — Grows No. 402. upright with thick, dark green leaves, curled like a savoy cabbage. Very hardy and grows rapidly.

OLDDOMINION BLIGHT RESISTANT-Similar to Norfolk Savoy except the leaves are somewhat more pointed and it stands ten days to two weeks longer before bolting to seed. It was developed by the Virginia Experiment Station to resist "yellows."

No. 406. VIRGINIA BLIGHT RESISTANT-This should be



planted wherever blight or yellows is prevalent. The leaves are dark green and curled like Bloomsdale.

o. 405. LONG STANDING BLOOMSDALE—Shoot more slowly than ordinary Bloomsdale.

PRICES
All Varieties Spinach: Oz. 5c.; 1 lb. 15c.; 1b. 30c.; 2 lbs. 55c.; 5 lbs. \$1.10; 10 lbs. \$1.85, postpaid. Not postpaid, 10 lbs. \$1.50; 25 lbs. \$3.56; 100 lbs. \$13.00. PRICES

VEGETABLE PLANTS

We supply all kinds in their proper seasons. Late cabbage up to September 15th; lettuce and early cabbage during October and November. Whenever we cannot supply the varieties ordered we will send a variety closely resembling it as possible.

Orders received late in the weel: will be forwarded early the following week to avoid lying over Sunday en route.

LATE CABBAGE—By mail, 35c. per 100; 500 for \$1.35, postpaid. Not postpaid, 25c. per 100; \$2.00 per 1,000. CELERY—Giant Pascal and White Plume, 65c. per 100, postpaid. Not postpaid, 50c. per 100; \$4.00 per 1,000.

COLLARDS—30c. per 100, postpaid. Not postpaid, 20c. per 100;

\$1.75 per 1,000.

T. W. WOOD & SONS,

SEEDSMEN SINCE 1879

Richmond, Virginia Wilmington, N. C.

Section 562, P. L. & R. U. S. POSTAGE PAID RICHMOND, VA. Permit No. 142

DIV. OF CROP & G.C.EDLER, LIVESTOCK ESTIMATES. WASHINGTON, D.C.

TURNIP AND RUTABAGA

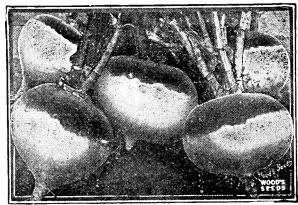
Plant either broadcast or in rows 2 feet apart and thin out to 4 inches apart. An ounce plants 100 feet of drill; 11/2 pounds one acre in drills; 2 pounds one acre broadcast; plant salad varieties 3 pounds to the acre.

INCLUDING POSTAGE—All varieties, PRICES unless otherwise quoted, pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1/4 lb. 15c.; lb. 40c.; 2 lbs. 70c.; 5 lbs. \$1.50; 10 lbs. \$2.70.

PRICES NOT POSTPAID—Lb. 30c.; 2 lbs. 55c.; 5 lbs. \$1.25; 10 lbs. \$3.05.

No. 445. EXTRA EARLY WHITE MILAN—Pure white. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1/4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.; 2-lb. lots, 45c. per lb.: 5-lb. lots, 40c. per lb.; 10-lb. lots, 35c. per lb., postpaid.

No. 446. EXTRA EARLY PURPLE TOP MILAN—White with purple top. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1/4 lb. 20c.; lb. 55c.; 2-lb. lots, 50c. per lb.; 5-lb. lots, 45c. per lb.; 10-lb. lots, 40c. per lb., postpaid.



Vood's Improved Purple Top Globe

No. 450. WOOD'S IMPROVED PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE—Handsome appearance and extra fine quality easily account for the universal popularity of our splendidly bred strain. Globe-shaped, of good size; the upper part purple, the lower part pure white, with fine-grained, tender, pure white flesh. For table use, it is at its best when about three inches across; but for stock feeding it should be grown to full size. For the private garden and for market it has no superior. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1/4 lb. 20c.; lb. 50c.; 2-lb. lots, 45c. per lb.; 5-lb. lots, 40c. per lb.; 10-lb. lots, 35c. per lb., postpaid.

MAMMOTH PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE Makes large, globe-shaped roots, white with purple top; a big yielder; fine for the table, market and stock feeding.

No. 448. EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH—One of the best early turnips for the family garden. Sweet and tender.

No. 451. LONG WHITE COWHORN—A productive, quick growing turnip of excellent quality; fine grained and sweet. Often 12 to 15 inches long.

No. 447. EARLY RED or PURPLE TOP—Flat, white with purple top; fine grains and tender. One of the best early

No. 452. WHITE EGG—An early egg-shaped, smooth, pure white variety with small tops. Flesh sweet, firm and mild.

No. 453. LARGE WHITE NORFOLK GLOBE—Makes large round white roots, excellent for table or stock; also quite largely used for winter salad.

No. 454. POMERANIAN WHITE GLOBE-Extra large, round, white; fine for table and stock; a big yielder.

No. 457. LARGE AMBER OR YELLOW GLOBE-Solid vellow flesh. Fine for table and stock; keeps well.

No. 456. PURPLE TOP YELLOW ABERDEEN—A splendid keeper. Flesh is yellow, very solid, tender and sweet. Hardy and a good yielder; fine stock turnip.

No. 458. GOLDEN BALL OR ORANGE JELLY—One of the sweetest and best yellow turnips; hardy; flesh is firm and of most excellent flavor.

No. 461. MIXED TURNIP SEEDS—A fine home garden mixture of all varieties.

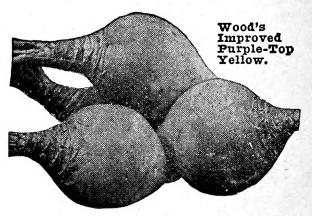
SALAD TURNIPS

No. 462. SHOGOIN OR JAPANESE-Resists insects and can be grown in hot weather; makes a turnip 2 to 3 inches in diameter.

No. 459. SOUTHERN PRIZE OR DIXIE—Hardy and needs no protection; the most popular turnip for winter and spring salad.

No. 460. SEVEN TOP-A very hardy variety, grown exclusively for salad.

RUTABAGA or SWEDE



WOOD'S IMPROVED PURPLE TOP YELLOW-An improved strain of the finest yellow leshed rutabaga grown from roots selected for large size, uniformity in shape and fine quality. Hardy sweet; a good keeper and the best shaped and most productive. Excellent for the table, and has high feeding value as stock feed. Pkt. 5c.; oz. 10c.; 1/4 lb. 20c.; ib. 50c.; 2 lbs. 90c.; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.50, postpaid. Not postpaid, lb. 40c.; 2 lbs. 75c.; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.15.

No. 466. PURPLE TOP YELLOW-The old standard variety, largely grown for table and stock.

No. 468. GOLDEN NECKLESS-Large, round, yellow with purnle top.

No. 468. LONG ISLAND NECKLESS—Large round, yellow with purple top with very small neck; the quality is excellent.